

ATTACHMENT A

Table 3(a): Large Waste Pile - Total Metals Data Summary
 Atlas Metals, Los Angeles, California

Metal	Range (mg/kg)	Mean (mg/kg)	Confidence Interval	RESULTS* (mg/kg)	Action Levels (mg/kg)		
					TTLCT†	Industrial PRG‡	Residential PRG
Antimony	2,310 - 24.1	203.5	± 148	351.3	500	410	31
Arsenic	243 - 23.3	79.2	± 14.7	93.9	500	1.6	0.39
Barium	4,130 - 563	1,528.9	± 304.3	1,833.2	10,000	67,000	5,400
Beryllium	3.2 - ND	1.9	± 0.2	2.1	75	1,900	150
Cadmium	91.8 - 20.1	53.4	± 5.8	59.2	100	450	37
Chromium	3,720 - 224	1,110.6	± 262.9	1,373.5	2,500	450	210
Cobalt	67.6 - 18	36.2	± 3.7	39.9	8,000	1,900	900
Copper	11,200 - 1,590	3,348.0	± 701.8	4,049.8	2,500	-	-
Lead	56,200 - 3,890	12,838.5	± 3218.8	16,057.3	1,000	800	400
Mercury	20.7 - 5.9	14.3	± 1.2	15.5	20	310	23
Molybdenum	460 - 30.6	101.0	± 27.5	128.5	3,500	5,100	390
Nickel	2,450 - 141	812.9	± 184.1	997	2,000	20,000	1,600
Selenium	18.1 - ND	7.9	± 1.1	9	1,000	5,100	390
Silver	7.4 - 1.7	4.6	± 0.4	5.0	500	5,100	390
Thallium	7.4 - ND	5.6	± 0.4	6.0	700	67	5.2
Vanadium	46.2 - 19	31.0	± 2.9	33.0	2,400	1,000	78
Zinc	15,500 - 4,470	10,261.5	± 771.1	11,032.6	5,000	100,000	23,000

Notes:
 * mg/kg - milligrams per kilogram
 ND - non-detect
 † BOLD values over TTLCT limits
 ‡ Results = Mean + Upper Confidence Interval

Action Levels:
 † California Total Threshold Limit Concentration Hazardous Waste Limits
 ‡ USEPA Region 9 Preliminary Remediation Goals for Soil, 2004
 * DTSC Lead in Schools - 255 mg/kg

TDD: 09-05-06-0005 2006 Ecology & Environment

Table 3(b): Small Waste Pile - Total Metals Data Summary
 Atlas Metals, Los Angeles, California

Metal	Range (mg/kg)	Mean (mg/kg)	Confidence Interval	RESULTS* (mg/kg)	Action Levels (mg/kg)		
					TTLCT	Industrial PRG‡	Residential PRG
Antimony	182 - ND	44.8	± 15.6	60.4	500	410	31
Arsenic	57.3 - 6.3	58.1	± 26.9	85.0	500	1.6	0.39
Barium	3,400 - 300	1,254.0	± 202.9	1,456.9	10,000	67,000	5,400
Beryllium	1.8 - ND	1.7	± 0	1.7	75	1,900	150
Cadmium	77.7 - 24.5	46.8	± 4.3	51.1	100	450	37
Chromium	1,180 - 174	434.3	± 78	512.3	2,500	450	210
Cobalt	44.8 - 11.9	27.1	± 2.5	29.6	8,000	1,900	900
Copper	7,200 - 1,190	3,398.5	± 509	3,907.5	2,500	-	-
Lead	31,800 - 4,730	11,408.5	± 1,909.7	13,318.2	1,000	800	400
Mercury	11.8 - 3.6	8.6	± 0.8	9.4	20	310	23
Molybdenum	78.6 - 18	51.3	± 5.1	56.4	3,500	5,100	390
Nickel	1,220 - 223	420.7	± 79.1	499.8	2,000	20,000	1,600
Selenium	8.4 - ND	4.0	± 0.6	4.6	1,000	5,100	390
Silver	8.3 - 2.2	4.8	± 0.5	5.3	500	5,100	390
Thallium	5.3 - ND	3.8	± 0.2	4.0	700	67	5.2
Vanadium	177 - 22.4	36.9	± 9.9	46.8	2,400	1,000	78
Zinc	16,800 - 2,920	10,735.5	± 1,080.4	11,815.9	5,000	100,000	23,000

Notes:
 • mg/kg - milligrams per kilogram
 • ND - non-detect
 • **BOLD** values over TTLT limits
 *Results = Mean + Upper Confidence Interval

Action Levels:
 † California Total Threshold Limit Concentration Hazardous Waste Limits
 ‡ USEPA Region 9 Preliminary Remediation Goals for Soil, 2004
 • DTSC Lead in Schools - 255 mg/kg

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Table 4: TCLP Metals Data Summary Atlas Metals, Los Angeles, California							
Metal	Pile	Range (mg/L)	Mean (mg/L)	Confidence Interval	RESULTS* (mg/kg)	RCLRA TCLP† (mg/L)	
Arsenic	Large	0.012 - ND	0	± 0	0	5	
Barium		3.6 - 1.1	1.8	± 0.2	2.0	100	
Cadmium		1.1 - 0.15	0.6	± 0.1	0.7	1	
Chromium		0.0064 - ND	0	± 0	0	5	
Lead		70.5 - 1.9	23.9	± 5.7	29.6	5	
Mercury		0.00036 - ND	0	± 0	0	0.2	
Selenium		0.0066 - ND	0	± 0	0	1	
Silver		ND	ND	± 0	ND	5	
Arsenic		Small	0.0077 - ND	0	± 0	0	5
Barium			2.4 - 0.78	1.4	± 0.1	1.5	100
Cadmium	1.1 - 0.19		0.6	± 0.1	0.7	1	
Chromium	0.0013 - ND		0	± 0	0	5	
Lead	68.7 - 0.65		21.0	± 4.5	25.5	5	
Mercury	ND		ND	± 0	ND	0.2	
Selenium	0.0096 - ND		0	± 0	0	1	
Silver	ND		ND	± 0	ND	5	

Notes:
 * mg/L - milligrams per liter
 † ND - non-detect
 * BOLD values over TCLP limit
 * Results = Mean + Upper Confidence Interval
 2006 Ecology & Environment
 TDD: 09-05-06-0005

Table 5: Polychlorinated Biphenyls Data Summary
 Atlas Metals, Los Angeles, California

Inspector	Pile	Range (mg/kg)	Mean (mg/kg)	Confidence Interval	RESULTS (mg/kg)	TSCA PCB Rule†	TTIC‡	
1016	Large	0.350 - ND	0	± 0	0	1	50	
1221		ND	ND	± 0	ND	1	50	
1232		ND	ND	± 0	ND	1	50	
1242		ND	ND	± 0	ND	1	50	
1248		ND	ND	± 0	ND	1	50	
1254		28.0 - ND	1.3	± 12.9	14.2	1	50	
1260		0.380 - ND	0	± 0	0	1	50	
1016		Small	ND	ND	± 0	ND	1	50
1221			ND	ND	± 0	ND	1	50
1232			ND	ND	± 0	ND	1	50
1242	ND		ND	± 0	ND	1	50	
1248	ND		ND	± 0	ND	1	50	
1254	120 - 4.4		19.8	± 7.1	26.9	1	50	
1260	ND		ND	± 0	ND	1	50	

Notes:
 * mg/kg - milligrams per kilogram
 * ND - non-detect
 * BOLD values over TSCA limit
 * Results = Mean + Upper Confidence Interval

† California Total Threshold Limit Concentration Hazardous Waste Limits
 ‡ Toxic Substance Control Act PCB Rule
 Action Levels

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Table 6(a): Large Waste Pile - Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons Data Summary
 Atlas Metals, Los Angeles, California

PAH	Range (mg/kg)	Mean (mg/kg)	Confidence Interval	RESULTS* (mg/kg)	Action Levels (mg/kg)	
					Residential PRG†	Industrial PRG
Acenaphthene	0.870 - ND	0.614	± 0.017	0.631	3,700	29,000
Acenaphthylene	ND	ND	± 0	ND	-	-
Anthracene	1.5 - ND	0.514	± 0.95	0.609	22,000	100,000
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	2.0 - ND	1.2	± 0.1	1.3	-	-
Fluoranthene	8.5 - ND	1.8	± 0.6	2.4	2,300	22,000
Fluorene	0.940 - ND	0.560	± 0.027	0.587	2,700	26,000
Naphthalene	0.660 - ND	0.546	± 0.008	0.554	56 (1.7)	190 (4.2)
Phenanthrene	5.7 - ND	1.0	± 0.4	1.4	-	-
Pyrene	7.4 - ND	1.7	± 0.5	2.2	2,300	29,000
Benzo(a)anthracene	2.9 - ND	0.920	± 0.18	1.1	0.62	2.1
Benzo(a)pyrene	2.9 - ND	0.887	± 0.213	1.1	0.062	0.21
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	3.0 - ND	1.0	± 0.3	1.3	0.62	2.1
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	2.7 - ND	0.896	± 0.204	1.1	6.2 (0.38)	21 (1.3)
Chrysene	3.2 - ND	0.998	± 0.202	1.2	62 (3.8)	210 (13)
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	0.810 - ND	0.611	± .013	0.624	0.062	0.21
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.8 - ND	0.764	± 0.1	0.864	0.62	2.1
<u>Note:</u> • mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram • ND = non-detect • BOLD values over PRG *Results = Mean + Upper Confidence Interval				<u>Action Levels:</u> † USEPA Region 9 Preliminary Remediation Goals for Soil, 2004 • ITALICS: California Modified PRGs		

Table 6(b): Small Waste Pile - Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons Data Summary
 Atlas Metals, Los Angeles, California

PAH	Range (mg/kg)	Mean (mg/kg)	Confidence Interval	RESULTS* (mg/kg)	Action Levels (mg/kg)	
					Residential PRG†	Industrial PRG
Acenaphthene	ND	ND	± 0	ND	3,700	29,000
Acenaphthylene	ND	ND	± 0	ND	-	-
Anthracene	1.3 - ND	0.529	± 0.055	0.584	22,000	100,000
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	1.2 - ND	1.0	± 0.1	1.1	-	-
Fluoranthene	10.0 - ND	1.5	± 0.7	2.2	2,300	22,000
Fluorene	ND	ND	± 0	ND	2,700	26,000
Naphthalene	ND	ND	± 0	ND	56 (1.7)	190 (4.2)
Phenanthrene	6.4 - ND	0.885	± 0.415	1.3	-	-
Pyrene	7.8 - ND	1.6	± 0.4	2.0	2,300	29,000
Benzo(a)anthracene	3.1 - ND	0.782	± 0.172	0.954	0.62	2.1
Benzo(a)pyrene	2.5 - ND	0.827	± 0.138	0.965	0.062	0.21
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	3.2 - ND	1.0	± 0.2	1.2	0.62	2.1
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	2.3 - ND	0.799	± 0.122	0.921	6.2 (0.38)	21 (1.3)
Chrysene	3.3 - ND	0.849	± 0.151	1.0	62 (3.8)	210 (13)
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	ND	ND	± 0	ND	0.062	0.21
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.3 - ND	0.661	± 0.5	0.711	0.62	2.1
Note: * mg/kg - milligrams per kilogram • ND - non-detect • BOLD values over PRG *Results = Mean + Upper Confidence Interval				Action Levels: † USEPA Region 9 Preliminary Remediation Goals for Soil, 2004 • ITALICS: California Modified PRGs		

The laboratory data for particle-size distribution was reported in percent by weight and is provided in Table 7. No statistical analysis was performed for this data by the START.

Table 7: Particle-Size Data Summary							
Atlas Metals Assessment Watts, Los Angeles, California							
Sample ID	USCS Description	Median Grain Size (mm)	Gravel	Particle Size Distribution (wt. %)			Silt/Clay
				Coarse	Medium	Fine	
Comp 1 (LWP 1-6)	medium sand	0.741	16.15	18.57	26.11	26.19	12.99
Comp 2 (LWP 7-12)	gravel	2.239	39.29	12.65	19.52	19.52	9.03
Comp 3 (LWP 13-18)	coarse sand	0.943	22.30	16.48	23.47	23.64	14.11
Comp 4 (SWP 1-6)	medium sand	0.744	16.66	16.31	27.82	25.82	13.39
Comp 5 (SWP 7-12)	coarse sand	1.340	22.15	20.48	24.72	21.18	11.47
Comp 6 (SWP 13-18)	coarse sand	0.972	24.38	13.94	25.84	23.98	11.86

NOTES
 USCS: Unified Soil Classification System, mm: millimeter, wt. %: percent by weight

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ATTACHM ENT B

Rule 403 (cont.)

TABLE 1
BEST AVAILABLE CONTROL MEASURES
 (Applicable to All Construction Activity Sources)

Source Category	Control Measure	Guidance
Backfilling	01-1 Stabilize backfill material when not actively handling; and 01-2 Stabilize backfill material during handling; and 01-3 Stabilize soil at completion of activity.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Mix backfill soil with water prior to moving ✓ Dedicate water truck or high capacity hose to backfilling equipment ✓ Empty loader bucket slowly so that no dust plumes are generated ✓ Minimize drop height from loader bucket
Clearing and grubbing	02-1 Maintain stability of soil through pre-watering of site prior to clearing and grubbing; and 02-2 Stabilize soil during clearing and grubbing activities; and 02-3 Stabilize soil immediately after clearing and grubbing activities.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Maintain live perennial vegetation where possible ✓ Apply water in sufficient quantity to prevent generation of dust plumes
Clearing forms	03-1 Use water spray to clear forms; or 03-2 Use sweeping and water spray to clear forms; or 03-3 Use vacuum system to clear forms.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Use of high pressure air to clear forms may cause exceedance of Rule requirements
Crushing	04-1 Stabilize surface soils prior to operation of support equipment; and 04-2 Stabilize material after crushing.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Follow permit conditions for crushing equipment ✓ Pre-water material prior to loading into crusher ✓ Monitor crusher emissions opacity ✓ Apply water to crushed material to prevent dust plumes

Rule 403 (cont.)

TABLE 1
BEST AVAILABLE CONTROL MEASURES
 (Applicable to All Construction Activity Sources)

Source Category	Control Measure	Guidance
Cut and fill	05-1 Pre-water soils prior to cut and fill activities; and	✓ For large sites, pre-water with sprinklers or water trucks and allow time for penetration
	05-2 Stabilize soil during and after cut and fill activities.	✓ Use water trucks/pulls to water soils to depth of cut prior to subsequent cuts
Demolition – mechanical/manual	06-1 Stabilize wind erodible surfaces to reduce dust; and	✓ Apply water in sufficient quantities to prevent the generation of visible dust plumes
	06-2 Stabilize surface soil where support equipment and vehicles will operate; and	
	06-3 Stabilize loose soil and demolition debris; and	
	06-4 Comply with AQMD Rule 1403.	
Disturbed soil	07-1 Stabilize disturbed soil throughout the construction site; and	✓ Limit vehicular traffic and disturbances on soils where possible
	07-2 Stabilize disturbed soil between structures	✓ If interior block walls are planned, install as early as possible ✓ Apply water or a stabilizing agent in sufficient quantities to prevent the generation of visible dust plumes
Earth-moving activities	08-1 Pre-apply water to depth of proposed cuts; and	✓ Grade each project phase separately, timed to coincide with construction phase ✓ Upwind fencing can prevent material movement on site ✓ Apply water or a stabilizing agent in sufficient quantities to prevent the generation of visible dust plumes
	08-2 Re-apply water as necessary to maintain soils in a damp condition and to ensure that visible emissions do not exceed 100 feet in any direction; and	
	08-3 Stabilize soils once earth-moving activities are complete.	

Rule 403 (cont.)

TABLE 1
BEST AVAILABLE CONTROL MEASURES
(Applicable to All Construction Activity Sources)

Source Category	Control Measure	Guidance
Importing/exporting of bulk materials	09-1 Stabilize material while loading to reduce fugitive dust emissions; and 09-2 Maintain at least six inches of freeboard on haul vehicles; and 09-3 Stabilize material while transporting to reduce fugitive dust emissions; and 09-4 Stabilize material while unloading to reduce fugitive dust emissions; and 09-5 Comply with Vehicle Code Section 23114.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Use tarps or other suitable enclosures on haul trucks ✓ Check belly-dump truck seals regularly and remove any trapped rocks to prevent spillage ✓ Comply with track-out prevention/mitigation requirements ✓ Provide water while loading and unloading to reduce visible dust plumes
Landscaping	10-1 Stabilize soils, materials, slopes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Apply water to materials to stabilize ✓ Maintain materials in a crusted condition ✓ Maintain effective cover over materials ✓ Stabilize sloping surfaces using soil binders until vegetation or ground cover can effectively stabilize the slopes ✓ Hydroseed prior to rain season
Road shoulder maintenance	11-1 Apply water to unpaved shoulders prior to clearing; and 11-2 Apply chemical dust suppressants and/or washed gravel to maintain a stabilized surface after completing road shoulder maintenance.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Installation of curbing and/or paving of road shoulders can reduce recurring maintenance costs ✓ Use of chemical dust suppressants can inhibit vegetation growth and reduce future road shoulder maintenance costs

Rule 403 (cont.)

TABLE 1
BEST AVAILABLE CONTROL MEASURES
 (Applicable to All Construction Activity Sources)

Source Category	Control Measure	Guidance
Screening	12-1 Pre-water material prior to screening; and 12-2 Limit fugitive dust emissions to opacity and plume length standards; and 12-3 Stabilize material immediately after screening.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Dedicate water truck or high capacity hose to screening operation ✓ Drop material through the screen slowly and minimize drop height ✓ Install wind barrier with a porosity of no more than 50% upwind of screen to the height of the drop point
Staging areas	13-1 Stabilize staging areas during use; and 13-2 Stabilize staging area soils at project completion.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Limit size of staging area ✓ Limit vehicle speeds to 15 miles per hour ✓ Limit number and size of staging area entrances/exits
Stockpiles/ Bulk Material Handling	14-1 Stabilize stockpiled materials. 14-2 Stockpiles within 100 yards of off-site occupied buildings must not be greater than eight feet in height; or must have a road bladed to the top to allow water truck access or must have an operational water irrigation system that is capable of complete stockpile coverage.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Add or remove material from the downwind portion of the storage pile ✓ Maintain storage piles to avoid steep sides or faces

Rule 403 (cont.)

TABLE 1
BEST AVAILABLE CONTROL MEASURES
(Applicable to All Construction Activity Sources)

Source Category	Control Measure	Guidance
Traffic areas for construction activities	15-1 Stabilize all off-road traffic and parking areas; and 15-2 Stabilize all haul routes; and 15-3 Direct construction traffic over established haul routes.	✓ Apply gravel/paving to all haul routes as soon as possible to all future roadway areas ✓ Barriers can be used to ensure vehicles are only used on established parking areas/haul routes
Trenching	16-1 Stabilize surface soils where trencher or excavator and support equipment will operate; and 16-2 Stabilize soils at the completion of trenching activities.	✓ Pre-watering of soils prior to trenching is an effective preventive measure. For deep trenching activities, pre-trench to 18 inches soak soils via the pre-trench and resuming trenching ✓ Washing mud and soils from equipment at the conclusion of trenching activities can prevent crusting and drying of soil on equipment
Truck loading	17-1 Pre-water material prior to loading; and 17-2 Ensure that freeboard exceeds six inches (CVC 23114)	✓ Empty loader bucket such that no visible dust plumes are created ✓ Ensure that the loader bucket is close to the truck to minimize drop height while loading
Turf Overseeding	18-1 Apply sufficient water immediately prior to conducting turf vacuuming activities to meet opacity and plume length standards; and 18-2 Cover haul vehicles prior to exiting the site.	✓ Haul waste material immediately off-site

Rule 403 (cont.)

TABLE 1
BEST AVAILABLE CONTROL MEASURES
(Applicable to All Construction Activity Sources)

Source Category	Control Measure	Guidance
Unpaved roads/parking lots	19-1 Stabilize soils to meet the applicable performance standards; and	✓ Restricting vehicular access to established unpaved travel paths and parking lots can reduce stabilization requirements
	19-2 Limit vehicular travel to established unpaved roads (haul routes) and unpaved parking lots.	
Vacant land	20-1 In instances where vacant lots are 0.10 acre or larger and have a cumulative area of 500 square feet or more that are driven over and/or used by motor vehicles and/or off-road vehicles, prevent motor vehicle and/or off-road vehicle trespassing, parking and/or access by installing barriers, curbs, fences, gates, posts, signs, shrubs, trees or other effective control measures.	

ATTACHMENT C



October 4th, 2006

M.E. Proj. No. 07035

City of Los Angeles
Department of Toxic Substance Control
Plan Check Division

c/o Plan Review Consultants

RE: Atlas Iron and Metal Co.
Los Angeles, California

The following list is in response to your letter dated September 26, 2007. The itemized list below directly corresponds with your plan check comments.

Structural Comments:

- 1)
 - b)
 - ii) The Seismic loads have been changed and are reflected by the new set of calculations. Seismic load do indeed govern in all cases since the Los Angeles wind load is 70 mph.
 - iii) The posts have been redesigned using $0.26*W$, see new calculations. The notched column is taken into account already. Currently the column is designed using the shortest width experienced due to the notch.
 - iv) According to correspondence with Stan Schweitzer of Converse Consultants, we are allowed to use 150 pcf for the first 5 feet of loose soil. Therefore, instead of using 150 pcf for the first 5 feet of depth and 300 pcf for 5 feet and deeper, we used 150 pcf for the entire depth of the stitched pier, which is more conservative. Reinforcement of the caissons have been added to the calculations.

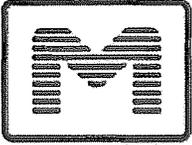
Please call if you have any further questions.

Sincerely,

MORRIS ENGINEERING & ASSOCIATES, Inc.

//original signed by//

Ronald G. Morris, C.E.
CE 039237 exp. 12-31-07



MORRIS ENGINEERING & ASSOCIATES, INC.

CONSULTING ENGINEERS

STRUCTURAL CALCULATIONS

FOR

10' FENCE WALL

LOCATED AT:

10019 ALAMEDA STREET

LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

07035, 08/23/2007



MORRIS ENGINEERING
&
ASSOCIATES, INC.

CONSULTING ENGINEERS

1300 INDUSTRIAL ROAD, SUITE 14 (650) 595-2973
SAN CARLOS, CA 94070 FAX (650) 595-2980

Project Atlas Iron & Metals, Inc.				Job Ref. 07035	
Client Dr. Larry Russell				Sheet no./rev. ii	
Calc. by AK	Date 10/02/2007	Chck'd by RB	Date 10/02/2007	App'd by	Date

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FOR SHEETS LISTED ABOVE:





MORRIS ENGINEERING
CONSULTING ENGINEERS

1300 INDUSTRIAL ROAD, SUITE 14 (650) 595-2973
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Project Atlas Iron & Metals, Inc.				Job Ref. 07035	
Client Dr. Larry Russell				Sheet no./rev. 1	
Calc. by AK	Date 10/02/2007	Chck'd by RB	Date 10/02/2007	Revision	Date

ATLAS SLAB

10019 Alameda Street,
Los Angeles, California

DESIGN CRITERIA

2001 California Building Code (1997 UBC w/ California Inserts)
1991 NDS for Wood Construction
AISC Manual of Steel Construction
ACI 318-95 Concrete Manual

SOILS INFORMATION

Geotechnical Report:

Conversse Consultants
222 East Huntington Drive, Suite 211
Monrovia, California
626-930-1200, Fax 626-930-1212

MATERIALS

Concrete unit weight	$\gamma_{\text{conc}} = 150 \text{ pcf}$	
Concrete design factor	$f = 0.70$	
Unit weight of soil	$\gamma_{\text{soil}} = 110 \text{ pcf}$	assumed unit weight
Unit weight of water	$\gamma_{\text{water}} = 62.4 \text{ pcf}$	
Concrete compressive strength	$f'_c = 2500 \text{ psi}$	
Yield strength of reinforcing steel	$f_y = 60 \text{ ksi}$	
Yield strength of A36 steel	$f_{yA36} = 36 \text{ ksi}$	
Allowable Bending Stress of Steel	$F_B = 0.6 * f_y = 36000 \text{ psi}$	
Allowable Bending Stress of Steel	$F_{BA36} = 0.6 * f_{yA36} = 21600 \text{ psi}$	



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Project Atlas Iron & Metals, Inc.				Job Ref. 07035	
Client Dr. Larry Russell				Sheet no./rev. 2	
Calc. by AK	Date 10/02/2007	Chck'd by RB	Date 10/02/2007	Revision	Date

REINFORCED CONCRETE PIER DESIGN 24" DIAMETER:

Pier Diameter	24 in
Equiv Square Section	19.20 in
"b" width of beam	19.20 in
"d" distance for conc design	16.20 in (assume 3.0" max. clear cover)
Rebar Clearance	3 in

Case 1

Max Moment in Beam	$M_{14} = 21000 \text{ lb_ft}$	(From Column, See "Concrete Column" Below)
Factored Moment in Pier	35.70 kip_ft	
Req'd area of steel	0.50 in ²	

Quantity of rebar req'd

#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10
3.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0

Try:	qty = 2	$A_{\#7} = 0.60 \text{ in}^2$	
Actual area of steel	1.20 in ²		
FS	2.40		"Okay"
Check for max allow steel	3.17 in ²		"Okay"
Pier Vert Reinf	"(2) #7 ea face"		

SEISMIC DESIGN / WIND DESIGN

$$WT_{WALL} = 150 \frac{\#}{ft^3} \times \underbrace{12'}_W \times \underbrace{10'}_H \times \underbrace{5\frac{1}{2}''}_T = \underline{\underline{1500 \#}}$$

$$WT_{COLUMN} = 150 \frac{\#}{ft^3} \times \left(\frac{20''}{12} \right)^2 \frac{\pi}{4} \times 10' = \underline{\underline{3275 \#}}$$

WALL PANEL

SEISMIC

$$F_p = \frac{a_p C_a I_p}{R_p} \left(1 + 3 \frac{h_x}{h_y} \right) W_p$$

$$a_p = N_a = I_p = 1.0$$

$$R_p = 3.0 \quad C_a = 0.44 N_a$$

$$F_p = 0.59 W_p$$

$$V = \frac{0.59 (1500 \#)}{12' / 10'} = \underline{\underline{37 \text{ PSF}}}$$

WIND

EXPOSURE C

$$P = C_e C_q q_s I_w$$

$$q_s = 12.6 \text{ PSF (70 MPH IN LA, CA)}$$

$$I_w = 1.0$$

$$C_e = 1.06$$

$$C_q = 1.3$$

$$P = \underline{\underline{18 \text{ PSF}}}$$

SEISMIC GOVERNS



MORRIS ENGINEERING
CONSULTING ENGINEERS

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SAN CARLOS, CA 94070

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ATLAS SLAB

10019 ALAMEDA ST, LA, CA

DATE: 9/27/07

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SEISMIC DESIGN / WIND DESIGN

COLUMN / POST

SEISMIC

$$V = \frac{1.6 Z N_v I_s W_p}{R}$$

$$Z = 0.4 \quad R = 3.0$$

$$N_v = 1.2$$

$$I_s = 1.0$$

$$V = 0.26 W_p$$

$$V = 0.26 (7500 + 3275)$$

$$V = 2802 \#$$

$$\underline{V_w = 25 \text{ PSF}}$$

WIND EXP C

$$P = C_e C_q q_s I_w$$

$$q_s = 12.6 \text{ PSF (70 MPH IN LA, CA)}$$

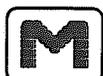
$$I_w = 1.0$$

$$C_e = 1.06$$

$$C_q = 1.3$$

$$\underline{P = 18 \text{ PSF}}$$

SEISMIC GOVERNS



MORRIS ENGINEERING
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Tilt-Up Wall Panel Design

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Description Wall panel design

General Information

Code Ref: ACI 318-02, 1997 UBC, 2003 IBC, 2003 NFPA 5000

Clear Height	10.000 ft	f _c	2,500.0 psi	Seismic Zone	4
Parapet Height	0.000 ft	F _y	60,000.0 psi	Min Vert Steel %	0.0020
Thickness	5.000 in	Phi	0.900	Min Horiz Steel %	0.0012
Bar Size	5	Width	12.000 in	Base Fixity	0 %
Bar Spacing	12.000 in			Wall Seismic Factor	0.3000
Bar Depth	2.500 in			Parapet Seismic Factor	0.3000
Min Defl. Ratio	150.0			LL & ST Together	
Concrete Weight	150.00 pcf				

Using: Empirical Method Using lcr and Iterating Deflections
 Parapet Does Not Reduce Moments

Loads

Lateral Loads		Vertical Loads	
Wind Load	psf	Uniform DL	625.00 #/ft
Point Load	lbs	Uniform LL	#/ft
...height	ft	...eccentricity	in
...load type	Seismic	Concentric DL	lbs
Lateral Load	37.00 #/ft	Concentric LL	lbs
...distance to top	10.000 ft		
...distance to bot	ft	Seismic "I" Magnifier	1.000
...load type	Seismic	Wind "I" Magnifier	1.000

Note: Load factoring supports 2003 IBC and 2003 NFPA 5000 by virtue of their references to ACI 318-02 for concrete design.
 Factoring of entered loads to ultimate loads within this program is according to ACI 318-02 C.2

Wall Analysis

	For Factored Load Stresses		For Service Load Deflections	
	Seismic	Wind	Seismic	Wind
Basic Defl w/o P-Delta	0.533	0.000 in	0.381	0.000 in
Basic M w/o P-Delta	11,707.5	0.0 in-#	8,362.5	0.0 in-#
Moment Excess of M _{cr}	0.0	0.0 in-#	0.0	0.0 in-#
Max. P-Delta Deflection	0.550	0.000 in	0.389	0.000 in
Max P-Delta Moment	12,068.5	0.0 in-#	8,545.1	0.0 in-#
Maximum Allow Vertical Bar Spacing	15.000 in		Parapet Bar Spacing Req'd : SEISMIC	15.000 in
Maximum Allow Horizontal Bar Spacing	15.000 in		Parapet Bar Spacing Req'd : WIND	15.000 in

Summary

Wall Design OK

10.00ft clear height, 0.00ft parapet, 5.00in thick with #5 bars at 12.00in on center, d= 2.50in, f_c = 2,500.0psi,
 Using: Empirical Method Using lcr and Iterating Deflections

Factored Load Bending	: Seismic Load Governs	Service Load Deflection	: Seismic Load Governs
Maximum Iterated Moment : Mu	12,068.47 in-#	Maximum Iterated Deflection	0.389 in
Moment Capacity	37,805.93 in-#	Deflection Limit	0.800 in
		Seismic	Wind
Mn * Phi : Moment Capacity		37,805.93 in-#	37,296.35 in-#
Applied: Mu @ Mid-Span		12,068.47 in-#	0.00 in-#
Applied: Mu @ Top of Wall		0.00 in-#	0.00 in-#
Max Iterated Service Load Deflection		0.39 in	0.00 in
Actual Deflection Ratio		308 : 1	0 : 1
Actual Reinforcing Percentage		0.0103	0.0103
UBC Allow. As % = 0.6 * RhoBal		0.0107	0.0107
Actual Axial Stress : (Pw + Po) / Ag		15.62 psi	15.62 psi
Allowable Axial Stress = 0.04 * f _c		100.00 psi	100.00 psi

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Tilt-Up Wall Panel Design

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Description Wall panel design

Analysis Data

E	2,850,000.0 psi	Sgross	50.000 in3
n = Es / Ec	10.18	Mcr = S * Fr	12,500.0 in-#
Fr Multiplier for sqrt(fc)	5.000	Fr =	250.00 psi
Ht / Thk Ratio	24.00	Rho: Bar Reinf Pct	0.0178
Values for Mn Calculation...			
As:eff= [Pu:tot + AsFy]/Fy		<u>Seismic</u>	<u>Wind</u>
a : (AsFy + Pu)/(.85 fc b)		0.332 in	0.326 in
c = a / .85		0.781 in	0.768 in
Igross		0.919 in	0.904 in
Icracked		125.000 in4	125.00 in4
I-eff (ACI methods only)		11.55 in4	11.42 in4
Phi: Capacity Reduction		11.55 in4	11.42 in4
Mn = As:eff Fy (d - a/2)		0.900	0.900
		42,006.59 in-#	41,440.39 in-#

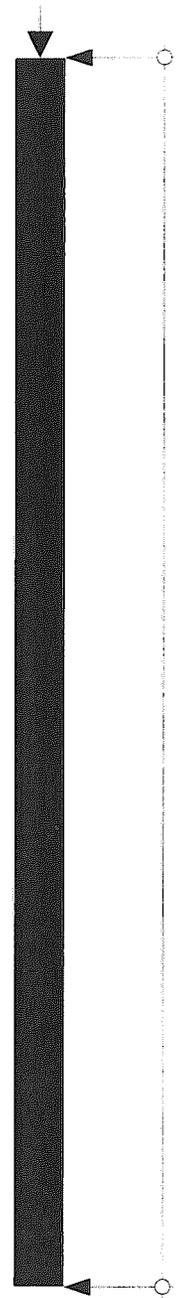
Additional Values

Loads used for analysis		Factored Loads	<u>Seismic</u>	<u>Wind</u>
Wall Weight	62.500 psf	Applied Axial Load	875.00	656.25 #/ft
Wall Wt * Wall Seismic Factor	18.750 psf	Lateral Wall Weight	437.50	328.12 #/ft
Wall Wt * Parapet Seismic Factor	18.750 psf	Total Lateral Loads	1,312.50	984.37 #/ft
Service Applied Axial Load	625.00 #/ft			
Service Wt @ Max Mom	312.50 #/ft			
Total Service Axial Loads	937.50 #/ft			

ACI Factors (per ACI 318-02, applied internally to entered loads)

ACI C-1 & C-2 DL	1.400	ACI C-2 Group Factor	0.750	Add'l "1.4" Factor for Seismic	1.400
ACI C-1 & C-2 LL	1.700	ACI C-3 Dead Load Factor	0.900	Add'l "0.9" Factor for Seismic	0.900
ACI C-1 & C-2 ST	1.700	ACI C-3 Short Term Factor	1.300		
....seismic = ST * :	1.100				

-18.74 psf



10.00 ft

Eff. Width = 12.0in

Seismic Factor = 0.300

Seismic Zone = 4

Fy = 60000.psi

f'c = 2500.psi

Using: #5 @ 12.00in

Thick = 5.00in

Title :
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Concrete Rectangular & Tee Beam Design

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Description Wall Design

General Information

Code Ref: ACI 318-02, 1997 UBC, 2003 IBC, 2003 NFPA 5000

Span	12.00 ft	fc	2,500 psi
Depth	5.000 in	Fy	60,000 psi
Width	12.000 in	Concrete Wt.	150.0 pcf
		Seismic Zone	4
		End Fixity	Pinned-Pinned
		Live Load acts with	Short Term

Beam Weight Added Internally

Reinforcing

Rebar @ Center of Beam...				Rebar @ Left End of Beam...				Rebar @ Right End of Beam...			
	Count	Size	'd' from Top		Count	Size	'd' from Top		Count	Size	'd' from Top
#1	1	5	2.50in	#1	1	5	2.50 in	#1	1	5	2.50 in

Load Factoring

Note: Load factoring supports 2003 IBC and 2003 NFPA 5000 by virtue of their references to ACI 318-02 for concrete design.
 Factoring of entered loads to ultimate loads within this program is according to ACI 318-02 C.2

Uniform Loads

#1	Dead Load	Live Load	Short Term	Start	End
	k	k	0.037 k	0.000 ft	12.000 ft

Summary

Beam Design OK

Span = 12.00ft, Width= 12.00in Depth = 5.00in							
Maximum Moment : Mu	2.51 k-ft		Maximum Deflection	-0.1879 in			
Allowable Moment : Mn*phi	2.97 k-ft						
Maximum Shear : Vu	0.81 k		Max Reaction @ Left	0.60 k			
Allowable Shear : Vn*phi	2.55 k		Max Reaction @ Right	0.60 k			
Shear Stirrups...							
Stirrup Area @ Section	0.440 in2						
Region	0.000	2.000	4.000	6.000	8.000	10.000	12.000 ft
Max. Spacing	Not Req'd	Not Req'd	Not Req'd	Not Req'd	Not Req'd	Not Req'd	Not Req'd in
Max Vu	0.809	0.562	0.281	0.274	0.274	0.555	0.802 k

Bending & Shear Force Summary

Bending...	Mn*Phi	Mu, Eq. C-1	Mu, Eq. C-2	Mu, Eq. C-3
@ Center	2.97 k-ft	1.57 k-ft	2.51 k-ft	1.94 k-ft
@ Left End	2.97 k-ft	0.00 k-ft	0.00 k-ft	0.00 k-ft
@ Right End	2.97 k-ft	0.00 k-ft	0.00 k-ft	0.00 k-ft
Shear...	Vn*Phi	Vu, Eq. C-1	Vu, Eq. C-2	Vu, Eq. C-3
@ Left End	2.55 k	0.51 k	0.81 k	0.63 k
@ Right End	2.55 k	0.50 k	0.80 k	0.62 k

Deflection

Deflections...	Upward		Downward	
DL + [Bm Wt]	0.0000 in	at 12.0000 ft	-0.0819 in	at 6.0000 ft
DL + LL + [Bm Wt]	0.0000 in	at 12.0000 ft	-0.0819 in	at 6.0000 ft
DL + LL + ST + [Bm Wt]	0.0000 in	at 12.0000 ft	-0.1879 in	at 6.0000 ft
Reactions...	@ Left		@ Right	
DL + [Bm Wt]	0.375 k		0.375 k	
DL + LL + [Bm Wt]	0.375 k		0.375 k	
DL + LL + ST + [Bm Wt]	0.597 k		0.597 k	

Title :
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 Description :

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Concrete Rectangular & Tee Beam Design

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Description Wall Design

Section Analysis

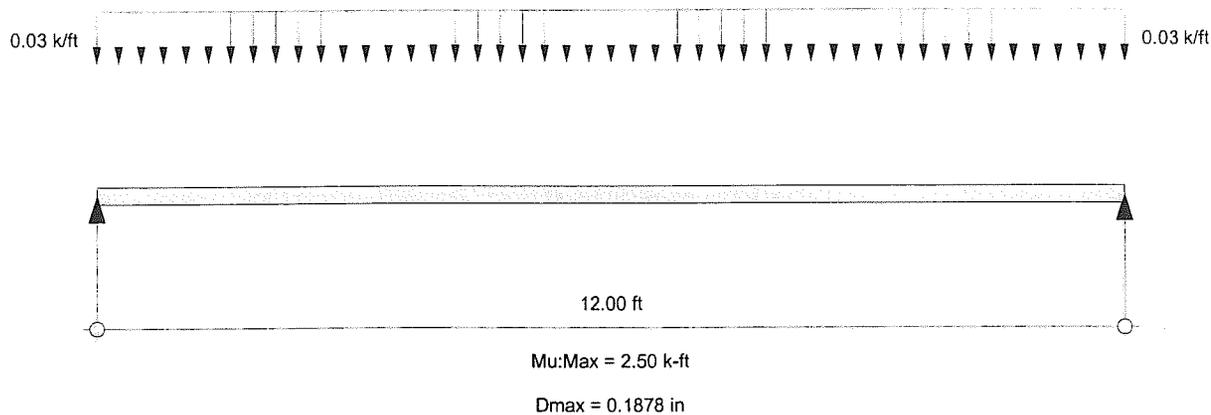
	Center	Left End	Right End
Evaluate Moment Capacity...			
X : Neutral Axis	0.855 in	0.855 in	0.855 in
a = beta * Xneutral	0.727 in	0.727 in	0.727 in
Compression in Concrete	18.532 k	18.532 k	18.532 k
Sum [Steel comp. forces]	0.000 k	0.000 k	0.000 k
Tension in Reinforcing	-18.600 k	-18.600 k	-18.600 k
Find Max As for Ductile Failure...			
X-Balanced	1.480 in	1.480 in	1.4796 in
Xmax = Xbal * 0.75	1.110 in	1.110 in	1.110 in
a-max = beta * Xbal	1.258 in	1.258 in	1.258 in
Compression in Concrete	24.053 k	24.053 k	24.053 k
Sum [Steel Comp Forces]	0.000 k	0.000 k	0.000 k
Total Compressive Force	24.053 k	24.053 k	24.053 k
AS Max = Tot Force / Fy	0.401 in ²	0.401 in ²	0.401 in ²
Actual Tension As	0.310 OK	0.000 OK	0.000 OK

Additional Deflection Calcs

Neutral Axis	0.915 in	Mcr	1.56 k-ft
Igross	125.00 in ⁴	Ms:Max DL + LL	1.79 k-ft
Icracked	10.99 in ⁴	R1 = (Ms:DL+LL)/Mcr	0.872
Elastic Modulus	2,850.0 ksi	Ms:Max DL+LL+ST	1.79 k-ft
Fr = 7.5 * fc ^{0.5}	375.000 psi	R2 = (Ms:DL+LL+ST)/Mcr	0.872
Z:Cracking	0.000 k/in	I:eff... Ms(DL+LL)	86.693 in ⁴
Z:cracking > 175 : No Good!		I:eff... Ms(DL+LL+ST)	86.693 in ⁴
Eff. Flange Width	12.00 in		

ACI Factors (per ACI 318-02, applied internally to entered loads)

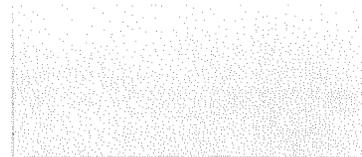
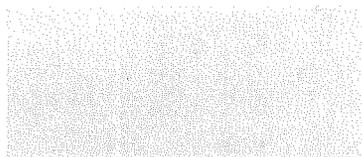
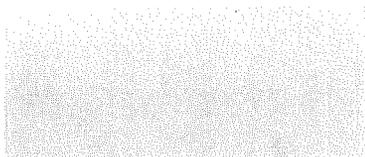
ACI C-1 & C-2 DL	1.400	ACI C-2 Group Factor	0.750	Add'l "1.4" Factor for Seismic	1.400
ACI C-1 & C-2 LL	1.700	ACI C-3 Dead Load Factor	0.900	Add'l "0.9" Factor for Seismic	0.900
ACI C-1 & C-2 ST	1.700	ACI C-3 Short Term Factor	1.300		
....seismic = ST * :	1.100				



Rmax = 0.596 k
Vu-Max = 0.809 k

Rmax = 0.596 k
Vu Max = 0.802 k

USE #5 @12"OC EW OR EQUAL WWF



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Concrete Rectangular & Tee Beam Design

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Description Concrete Column

General Information

Code Ref: ACI 318-02, 1997 UBC, 2003 IBC, 2003 NFPA 5000

Span	10.00 ft	f _c	2,500 psi
Depth	20.000 in	F _y	60,000 psi
Width	17.000 in	Concrete Wt.	150.0 pcf
		Seismic Zone	4
		End Fixity	Fixed-Free
		Live Load acts with Short Term	

Beam Weight Not Added

Reinforcing

Rebar @ Center of Beam...				Rebar @ Left End of Beam...				Rebar @ Right End of Beam...			
Count	Size	'd' from Top		Count	Size	'd' from Top		Count	Size	'd' from Top	
#1	2	7	13.55 in	#1	2	7	13.55 in	#1	2	7	13.55 in

Load Factoring

Note: Load factoring supports 2003 IBC and 2003 NFPA 5000 by virtue of their references to ACI 318-02 for concrete design.
 Factoring of entered loads to ultimate loads within this program is according to ACI 318-02 C.2

Uniform Loads

#1	Dead Load	Live Load	Short Term	Start	End
	k	k	0.300 k	0.000 ft	10.000 ft

Summary

Beam Design OK

Span = 10.00ft, Width= 17.00in Depth = 20.00in							
Maximum Moment : Mu	-21.00 k-ft			Maximum Deflection	-0.0201 in		
Allowable Moment : Mn*phi	29.36 k-ft						
Maximum Shear : Vu	3.98 k			Max Reaction @ Left	3.00 k		
Allowable Shear : Vn*phi	19.58 k			Max Reaction @ Right	0.00 k		
Shear Stirrups...							
Stirrup Area @ Section	0.440 in ²						
Region	0.000	1.667	3.333	5.000	6.667	8.333	10.000 ft
Max. Spacing	Not Req'd	Not Req'd	Not Req'd	Not Req'd	Not Req'd	Not Req'd	Not Req'd in
Max Vu	3.982	3.511	2.806	1.411	1.411	0.706	0.235 k

Bending & Shear Force Summary

Bending...	Mn*Phi	Mu, Eq. C-1	Mu, Eq. C-2	Mu, Eq. C-3
@ Left End	29.36 k-ft	0.00 k-ft	-21.00 k-ft	-21.00 k-ft
@ Right End	29.36 k-ft	0.00 k-ft	0.00 k-ft	0.00 k-ft
Shear...	Vn*Phi	Vu, Eq. C-1	Vu, Eq. C-2	Vu, Eq. C-3
@ Left End	19.58 k	0.00 k	3.98 k	3.98 k
@ Right End	19.58 k	0.00 k	0.00 k	0.00 k

Deflection

Deflections...	Upward			Downward		
DL + [Bm Wt]	0.0000 in	at	10.0000 ft	0.0000 in	at	10.0000 ft
DL + LL + [Bm Wt]	0.0000 in	at	10.0000 ft	0.0000 in	at	10.0000 ft
DL + LL + ST + [Bm Wt]	0.0000 in	at	0.0000 ft	-0.0201 in	at	10.0000 ft
Reactions...	@ Left		@ Right			
DL + [Bm Wt]	0.000 k		0.000 k			
DL + LL + [Bm Wt]	0.000 k		0.000 k			
DL + LL + ST + [Bm Wt]	3.000 k		0.000 k			

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Concrete Rectangular & Tee Beam Design

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Description Concrete Column

Section Analysis

	<u>Center</u>	<u>Left End</u>	<u>Right End</u>
Evaluate Moment Capacity...			
X : Neutral Axis	2.340 in	2.340 in	2.340 in
a = beta * Xneutral	1.989 in	1.989 in	1.989 in
Compression in Concrete	71.853 k	71.853 k	71.853 k
Sum [Steel comp. forces]	0.000 k	0.000 k	0.000 k
Tension in Reinforcing	-72.000 k	-72.000 k	-72.000 k
Find Max As for Ductile Failure...			
X-Balanced	8.019 in	3.817 in	3.8173 in
Xmax = Xbal * 0.75	6.015 in	2.863 in	2.863 in
a-max = beta * Xbal	6.816 in	3.245 in	3.245 in
Compression in Concrete	184.684 k	87.912 k	87.912 k
Sum [Steel Comp Forces]	0.000 k	0.000 k	0.000 k
Total Compressive Force	184.684 k	87.912 k	87.912 k
AS Max = Tot Force / Fy	3.078 in ²	1.465 in ²	1.465 in ²
Actual Tension As	1.200 OK	1.200 OK	0.000 OK

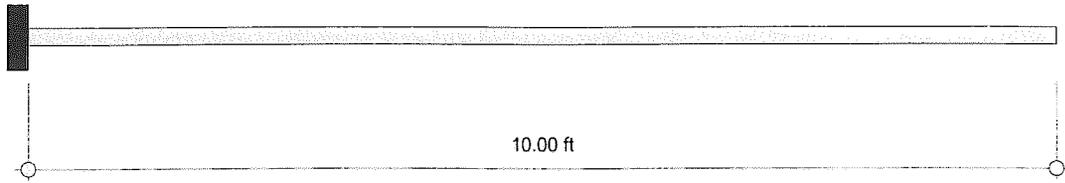
Additional Deflection Calcs

Neutral Axis	3.755 in	Mcr	35.42 k-ft
Igross	11,333.33 in ⁴	Ms:Max DL + LL	15.00 k-ft
Icracked	1,471.53 in ⁴	R1 = (Ms:DL+LL)/Mcr	2.361
Elastic Modulus	2,850.0 ksi	Ms:Max DL+LL+ST	15.00 k-ft
Fr = 7.5 * fc ^{0.5}	375.000 psi	R2 = (Ms:DL+LL+ST)/Mcr	2.361
Z:Cracking	136.440 k/in	I:eff... Ms(DL+LL)	11,333.333 in ⁴
		I:eff... Ms(DL+LL+ST)	11,333.333 in ⁴
Eff. Flange Width	17.00 in		

ACI Factors (per ACI 318-02, applied internally to entered loads)

ACI C-1 & C-2 DL	1.400	ACI C-2 Group Factor	0.750	Add'l "1.4" Factor for Seismic	1.400
ACI C-1 & C-2 LL	1.700	ACI C-3 Dead Load Factor	0.900	Add'l "0.9" Factor for Seismic	0.900
ACI C-1 & C-2 ST	1.700	ACI C-3 Short Term Factor	1.300		
....seismic = ST * :	1.100				

0.30 k/ft  0.30 k/ft



Mu:Max = 5.24 k-ft

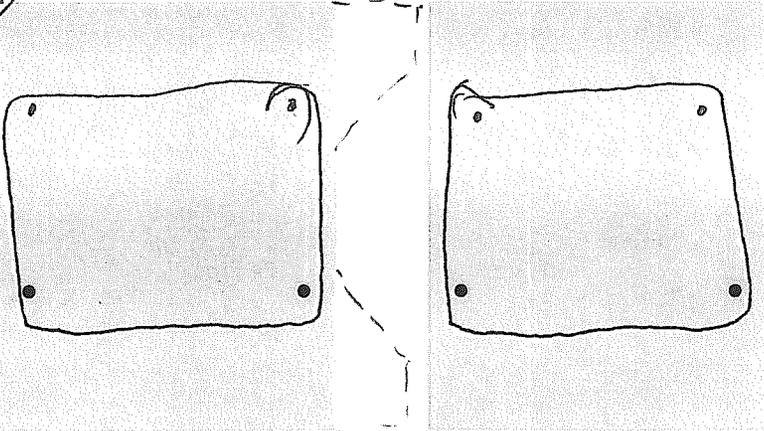
Dmax = 0.0200 in

Mu:Max @ left = 20.99 k-ft

Rmax = 2.999 k

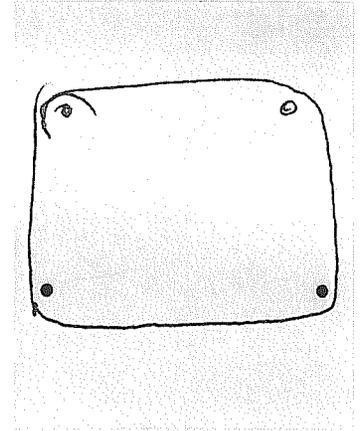
Vu:Max = 3.981 k

WALL NOTCH
CONCRETE NEGLECTED



5" CLR

5" CLR



NOT TO SCALE

Title :
Dsgnr:
Description :

Job #
Date: 1:03PM, 4 OCT 07

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Pole Embedment in Soil

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Description Column embedment

General Information

Code Ref: 1997 UBC 1806.8.2.1, 2003 IBC 1805.7.2, 2003 NFPA 5000 36.4.3

Allow Passive	150.00 pcf	Applied Loads...	
Max Passive	3,500.00 psf	Point Load	0.00 lbs
Load duration factor	1.000	distance from base	0.000 ft
Pole is Circular		Distributed Load	300.00 #/ft
Diameter	24.000 in	distance to top	10.000 ft
No Surface Restraint		distance to bottom	0.000 ft

Summary

Moments @ Surface...

Point load	0.00 ft-#	Total Moment	15,000.00 ft-#
Distributed load	15,000.00	Total Lateral	3,000.00 lbs

Without Surface Restraint...

Required Depth	10.375 ft
Press @ 1/3 Embed...	
Actual	517.45 psf
Allowable	517.69 psf

USE 15 FT REQ DEPTH
IN ACCORDANCE W/ GEOTECH
150 PCF FOR ENTIRE SOIL
PROFILE, (CONSERVATIVE)
ASSUMPTION)
IN ACCORDANCE W/
STAN SCHWEITZER
OF CONVERSE CONSULTANTS.