

LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY REPORT



Department of
Toxic Substances
Control

2018 Legislative Year

A compilation of legislation from the second half of the 2017-2018
Legislative Session tracked by the Department of Toxic Substances Control

State of California

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Introduction

This summary identifies all legislation considered by the California Legislature during the 2017-18 Legislative Session that either directly or indirectly relates to the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) and its mission and various programs. In some instances, bills introduced that initially impacted DTSC were later amended to address, in whole or in part, completely different subjects. These bills are also included in this summary, and are described in both their introduced form and in their subsequently amended form.

Bills noted as “chaptered” were passed by the Legislature and signed by the Governor. Bills noted as “vetoed” were passed by the Legislature and vetoed by the Governor. The sign and veto messages (when provided by the Governor) are included at the end of this report. Bills noted as “dead” either failed passage in a policy or fiscal committee or on the floor of either house of the Legislature, or were no longer pursued by their authors.

The lists of the bills in numerical order. Information about the bills may also be found by referring to the appropriate subject index (see Table of Contents). Except for urgency, tax levy, election, and appropriation measures, which take effect upon date of signing, all statutes take effect on January 1st of the following year.

Occasionally, different legislation contains amendments to the same section of law. The language from the bill that was chaptered last (the higher chapter number) is controlling and is the language that will be found in the codified statutes.

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Copies of the bills can be obtained from the Bill Room at the State Capitol. Bills, current law, and bill-related documents can also be viewed on the California Legislative Counsel's Internet site (<http://www.leginfo.ca.gov>).

*DTSC's 2018 Legislative Summary can also be viewed on DTSC's Internet website:
<http://www.dtsc.ca.gov>*

Acronyms

AB	Assembly Bill
ACA	Assembly Constitutional Amendment
ARB	Air Resources Board
APA	Administrative Procedure Act
BDOs	Boards, Departments and Offices within Cal/EPA
BOE	Board of Equalization
Cal/EPA	California Environmental Protection Agency
CalRecycle	California Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery
CEQA	California Environmental Quality Act
CUPA	Certified Unified Program Agency
DOF	Department of Finance
DGS	Department of General Services
DPH	Department of Public Health
DPR	Department of Pesticide Regulation
DTSC	Department of Toxic Substances Control
EIR	Environmental Impact Report
OAL	Office of Administrative Law
OEHHA	Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment
OPR	Office of Planning and Research
PERS	Public Employees' Retirement System
RWQCB	Regional Water Quality Control Board
SB	Senate Bill
SJR	Senate Joint Resolution
SPB	State Personnel Board
State	State of California
SWRCB	State Water Resources Control Board
US EPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
UST	Underground Storage Tank

ASSEMBLY BILLS

AB 12 (Cooley D) State government: administrative regulations: review.

Summary: This bill would have required each state agency to, on or before January 1, 2020, review that agency's regulations, identify any regulations that are duplicative, overlapping, inconsistent, or out of date, to revise those identified regulations, as provided, and report to the Legislature and Governor, as specified. The bill would repeal these provisions on January 1, 2021.

Status: Held in Assembly Appropriations Committee

AB 18 (Garcia, E. D) California Clean Water, Climate, Coastal Protection, and Outdoor Access For All Act of 2018.

Summary: This bill would have enacted the California Clean Water, Climate, Coastal Protection, and Outdoor Access For All Act of 2018, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in an amount of \$3,470,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance a clean water, climate, coastal protection, and outdoor access for all program.

Status: The bill was amended into legislation related to healing arts (held on Senate Suspense File).

AB 55 (Thurmond D) Hazardous materials management: stationary sources.

Summary: This bill requires contracted owners and operators of stationary sources to have completed, within the prior three calendar years, at least 20 hours of approved advanced safety training to qualify as a "skilled journeyman" for purposes of performing this work on or after July 1, 2018.

Status: Chapter 608 (Statutes, 2017)

AB 77 (Fong R) Regulations: effective dates and legislative review.

Summary: This bill would have required the Office of Administrative Law to submit to each house of the Legislature for review a copy of each major regulation that it submits to the Secretary of State. The bill would have added another exception to those currently provided that specifies that a regulation does not become effective if the Legislature enacts a statute to override the regulation.

Status: Held in Assembly Appropriations Committee

AB 92 (Bonta D) Public contracts: payment.

Summary: This bill extends from January 1, 2018, to January 1, 2023, the sunset date on existing statutes governing the amount of money a public agency can retain from a contractor or subcontractor prior to completion of a public works project.

Status: Chapter 37 (Statutes, 2017)

AB 96 (Ting D) Budget Act of 2017.

Summary: This bill would have made appropriations for the support of state government for the 2017–18 fiscal year. This bill contained other related provisions.

Status: Held in Assembly Budget Committee

AB 178 (Eggman D) California Beverage Container Recycling and Litter Reduction Act.

Summary: This bill would have eliminated reference to the material from which a beverage container is made in defining the terms “beverage” and “beverage container” within the California Beverage Container Recycling and Litter Reduction Act. Because redemption payments for the previously excluded beverage container material types made subject to the act by this bill would be deposited in a continuously appropriated fund, the bill also would have made an appropriation.

Status: Held in Assembly Budget Committee

AB 239 (Ridley-Thomas D) California Environmental Quality Act: urbanized areas.

Summary: This bill would have specified, under CEQA, that the population density of the unincorporated area be at least 1,000 persons per square mile.

Status: Failed passage in Assembly Natural Resources Committee

AB 245 (Quirk D) Hazardous waste: enforcement.

Summary: This bill increases administrative and civil penalties under the Hazardous Waste Control Law to \$70,000 and would make non-substantive changes in these provisions.

Status: Chapter 499 (Statutes, 2017)

AB 246 (Santiago D) Department of Toxic Substances Control: hazardous waste: facilities: emissions monitoring.

Summary: As introduced, this bill would have required the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) to assess, in consultation with the relevant air districts, hazardous waste facilities under its jurisdiction within the respective territory of each district to determine if fence-line or other monitoring to measure and record emissions at those facilities is necessary or appropriate. AB 246 also would have required DTSC to adopt regulations for fence-line monitoring at hazardous waste facilities on or before September 1, 2018.

Status: The bill was amended into legislation that enacted the Jobs & Economic Improvement Through Environmental Leadership Act of 2011 (Chapter 522, 2017).

AB 247 (Garcia C. D) Public health: childhood lead poisoning: Lead Advisory Task Force.

Summary: This bill would have required, by April 1, 2018, the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment to convene a Lead Advisory Task Force, with a prescribed membership, to review and advise, as provided, regarding policies and procedures to reduce childhood lead poisoning in the state.

Status: Vetoed

AB 248 (Reyes D) Hazardous waste: facilities: permits.

Summary: This bill would have required, for a hazardous waste facilities permit that will expire on or before July 1, 2020, the owner or operator of a facility intending to extend the term of that permit to submit a Part A and Part B application for a permit renewal at least six months before the fixed term of the permit expires. The bill also would have required, for a hazardous waste facilities permit that will expire after July 1, 2020, the owner or operator to submit a Part A and Part B application for a permit renewal at least two years before the fixed term of the permit

expires.

Status: Vetoed

AB 249 (Gomez D) Hazardous waste: civil penalties.

Summary: As introduced, this bill would have increased various administrative and civil penalties within the hazardous waste control laws from a maximum amount of \$25,000 to \$37,500 per day.

Status: The bill was amended into legislation related to campaign financing under the Political Reform Act of 1974 (Chapter 546, Statutes, 2017).

AB 262 (Bonta D) Public contracts: bid specifications: Buy Clean California Act.

Summary: This bill, the Buy Clean California Act, requires, by January 1, 2019, the Department of General Services to establish, and publish in the State Contracting Manual, a maximum acceptable global warming potential for each category of eligible materials, in accordance with requirements set out in the bill.

Status: Chapter 816 (Statutes, 2017)

AB 278 (Steinworth R) California Environmental Quality Act: exemption: existing transportation infrastructure.

Summary: This bill would have exempted from the provisions of CEQA a project, or the issuance of a permit for a project, that consists of the inspection, maintenance, repair, rehabilitation, replacement, or removal of, or the addition of an auxiliary lane or bikeway to, existing transportation infrastructure and that meets certain requirements. The bill also would have required the public agency carrying out the project to take certain actions.

Status: Failed passage in Assembly Natural Resources Committee

AB 421 (Santiago D) Hazardous substances: liability: responsible parties.

Summary: This bill would have required that for a cause of action under the Carpenter-Presley-Tanner Hazardous Substance Account Act, the term "disposal" also includes emissions into the air.

Status: Held in Assembly Judiciary Committee

AB 444 (Ting D) Medical waste: home-generated medical waste.

Summary: This bill would have authorized the California Environmental Protection Agency to develop a statewide program for the collection, transportation, and disposal of home-generated medical waste, as defined.

Status: Held in Senate Environmental Quality Committee

AB 474 (Garcia, E. D) Hazardous waste: spent brine solutions.

Summary: This bill exempts spent brine solutions from hazardous waste requirements if the spent brine solution is a byproduct of the treatment process for drinking water and will be transferred to a surface impoundment regulated by the California regional water quality control boards.

Status: Chapter 840 (Statutes, 2017)

AB 483 (Bocanegra D) Airports: pollution.

Summary: This bill would have required the Department of Toxic Substances Control and the State Air Resources Board to conduct or require to be conducted specified tests of the soil and air quality at general aviation noncommercial airports that meet specified criteria. The bill also would have required the state board to coordinate the air quality testing with air districts and the department, no later than July 1, 2019, to submit a specified report to the Legislature and post that report on its Internet Web site.

Status: Held in Assembly Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials Committee

AB 499 (Harper R) California Environmental Quality Act: infill development.

Summary: This bill would have made non-substantive changes to a CEQA exemption relating to infill sites within urbanized areas.

Status: Held at Assembly Desk

AB 514 (Salas D) Medical waste: pharmaceuticals.

Summary: As introduced, this bill would have exempted from the definition of pharmaceutical (under the Medical Waste Management Act) herbal-based remedies, homeopathic drugs, remedies, and any other product with a National Drug Code identifying the product as homeopathic and cosmetics, soap, shampoo, sunscreen, toothpaste, lip balm, antiperspirant, and saline products.

Status: The bill was amended into legislation related to sex offenders (vetoed).

AB 517 (Harper R) State government: travel: political beliefs.

Summary: This bill would have prohibited a state agency, department, board, or commission, as specified, from prohibiting or denying travel to states on the basis of political beliefs.

Status: Held in Assembly Judiciary Committee

AB 657 (Cunningham R) State government: small business liaisons.

Summary: This bill requires a state agency that significantly regulates small business or that significantly impacts small business to prominently display the name and contact information of the small business liaison on the agency's Web site, if the agency has a Web site.

Status: Chapter 81 (Statutes, 2017)

AB 816 (Kiley R) California Environmental Protection Agency: Natural Resources

Agency: Web casts of public meetings and workshops.

Summary: This bill would have required that each department, board, and commission of the Natural Resources Agency, except as specified, and each department, board, and office of the California Environmental Protection Agency Web cast all onsite public meetings, in a manner that enables listeners and viewers to ask questions and provide public comment by telephone or electronic communication commensurate with those attending the meeting. The bill also would have required the agencies to make the recording of a Web cast available online for no less than three years for subsequent viewing by interested members of the public.

Status: Held on Senate Suspense File

AB 852 (Caballero D) Hazardous waste: waste facilities: nonbiodegradable toxic chemicals.

Summary: As introduced, this bill would have prohibited uses for a nonbiodegradable chemical or a toxic chemical, and prohibited the sale of those chemicals, under those same circumstances.

Status: The bill was amended into legislation related to schoolbuses and child safety (held in Senate Transportation and Housing Committee).

AB 891 (Mayes R) Tribal gaming: compact ratification.

Summary: This bill ratifies the tribal-state gaming compact entered into between the State of California and the Morongo Band of Mission Indians, executed on September 6, 2017. The bill also provides that, in deference to tribal sovereignty, certain actions related to that compact are not projects for purposes of CEQA.

Status: Chapter 447 (Statutes, 2017)

AB 906 (Bloom D) Beverage containers: polyethylene terephthalate.

Summary: This bill, on and after October 1, 2018, defines polyethylene terephthalate for the purposes of the labeling requirement as a plastic having certain characteristics, including, among other things, a melting peak temperature, as determined by a specified procedure, within a specified temperature range.

Status: Chapter 823 (Statutes, 2017)

AB 958 (Ting D) Product Safety: perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances.

Summary: This bill would have required a manufacturer of food packaging or cookware, as defined, that is sold in the state to visibly disclose on an exterior location of the food packaging or cookware packaging a specified statement relating to the presence of perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances.

Status: Held on Senate Inactive File

AB 1117 (Fong R) California Environmental Quality Act.

Summary: This bill would have prohibited a lead agency from being required to evaluate the aesthetic effects of a project subject to CEQA and prohibited aesthetic effects from being considered significant effects on the environment, except in certain circumstances.

Status: Held in Assembly Natural Resources Committee

AB 1179 (Katra D) Hazardous waste facilities: inspections.

Summary: This bill would have required the Department of Toxic Substances Control to adopt regulations establishing inspection frequencies for permitted hazardous waste treatment, storage, and disposal facilities, hazardous waste generators, and hazardous waste transporters, as specified. The bill also would have required the inspection frequency for a hazardous waste land disposal facility to be no less than two times per calendar year and, for any other permitted hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility, no less than once per calendar year.

Status: Vetoed

AB 1180 (Holden D) Los Angeles County Flood Control District: taxes, fees, and charges.

Summary: This bill authorizes the Los Angeles County Flood Control District to levy a tax, in compliance with the applicable provisions of Article XIIC of the California Constitution, or impose a fee or charge, in compliance with the applicable provisions of Article XIID of the California Constitution, to pay the costs and expenses of carrying out projects and programs to increase stormwater capture and reduce stormwater and urban runoff pollution in the district, and specifies that projects funded by the revenues from the tax, fee, or charge may include projects providing multiple benefits that increase water supply, improve water quality, and, where appropriate, provide community enhancements, as prescribed.

Status: Chapter 617 (Statutes, 2017)

AB 1212 (Dahle R) Hazardous materials: chemicals of concern.

Summary: This bill would have made non-substantive changes to provisions related to chemicals of concern, as identified and prioritized by the Department of Toxic Substances Control.

Status: Held at Assembly Desk

AB 1316 (Quirk D) Public health: childhood lead poisoning: prevention.

Summary: This bill changes the definition of “lead poisoning” to include concentrations of lead in arterial or cord blood.

Status: Chapter 507 (Statutes, 2017)

AB 1439 (Committee on Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials) Hazardous materials: reporting.

Summary: This bill authorizes the Department of Toxic Substances Control to require a person submitting documents, including a report, work-plan, schedule, notice, request, or application, to submit the document in an electronic format.

Status: Chapter 301 (Statutes, 2017)

AB 1441 (Committee on Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials) Hazardous waste: transportation: electronic manifests.

Summary: This bill would have authorized specified manifest requirements for transporting hazardous waste, including requirements to give, provide, send, forward, or return to another person a copy of a manifest, to sign a manifest or manifest certification by hand, or to keep or retain a copy of a manifest, to be satisfied through the use of the United States Environmental Protection Agency electronic manifest (e-Manifest) system, once it comes online.

Status: Held on Senate Inactive File

AB 1575 (Kalra D) Professional cosmetics: labeling requirements.

Summary: This bill would have required a professional cosmetic manufactured on or after July 1, 2019, for sale in this state, to have a label affixed on the container that satisfies all of the labeling requirements required for any other cosmetic pursuant to specific federal laws.

Status: Held on Senate Suspense File

AB 1583 (Chau D) Proposition 65: enforcement: certificate of merit: factual basis.

Summary: This bill modifies disclaimers related to the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65), requires the California Attorney General (AG) to serve a letter related to alleged violations of the act, as specified, and clarifies discovery provisions related to the certificate of merit. This bill also requires the Governor's Office of Business and Economic Development (GO Biz) to post on its internet website information relating to a business's obligations under Proposition 65.

Status: Chapter 510 (Statutes, 2017)

AB 1645 (Muratsuchi D) Hydrogen fluoride: report.

Summary: This bill would have required the South Coast Air Quality Management District to submit, no later than January 1, 2020, a specified report to the Legislature on hydrogen fluoride and modified hydrogen fluoride at specified refineries.

Status: Held in Assembly Natural Resources Committee

AB 1646 (Muratsuchi D) Hazardous materials: unified program agency: integrated alerting and notification system.

Summary: This bill requires each local implementing agency, as defined, to develop an integrated alerting and notification system, in coordination with local emergency management agencies, unified program agencies, local first response agencies, petroleum refineries, and the public, to be used to notify the community surrounding a petroleum refinery in the event of an incident at the refinery warranting the use of the notification system. The bill also requires the notification system to be configured, as specified, and used to alert and notify the communities surrounding a petroleum refinery, including schools, public facilities, hospitals, transient and special needs populations, as defined, and residential care homes.

Status: Chapter 588 (Statutes, 2017)

AB 1660 (Kalra D) Court reporter providers.

Summary: This bill, on and after January 1, 2019, would have authorized an individual or entity to engage in the business of providing or arranging for certified shorthand reporters for the transcription of court proceedings if specified conditions are met, including that an individual be a certified shorthand reporter, that an entity be a shorthand reporting corporation, or that the individual or entity be registered as a court reporter provider, as defined.

Status: Vetoed

AB 1663 (Garcia, C. D) Lead-acid batteries.

Summary: As introduced, this bill would have authorized a person who manufactures a lead-acid battery and is not subject to the jurisdiction of the state to agree in writing with the importer, as defined, of that lead-acid battery to pay the manufacturer battery fee on behalf of the importer.

Status: The bill was amended into legislation related to a group homes for immigrant children (held in Senate Rules Committee).

AB 1804 (Berman D) California Environmental Quality Act: exemption: residential or mixed-use housing projects.

Summary: This bill, until January 1, 2025, exempts from CEQA residential or mixed-use housing projects, as defined, located in unincorporated areas of a county meeting certain requirements. The bill also requires a lead agency, if the lead agency determines that a residential or mixed-use housing project is exempt from CEQA, to file a notice of exemption with the Office of Planning and Research and the county clerk in the county in which the project is located.

Status: Chapter 670 (Statutes, 2018)

AB 1806 (Ting D) Budget Act of 2018.

Summary: This bill would have made appropriations for the support of state government for the 2018–19 fiscal year.

Status: Held on Assembly Budget Committee

AB 1870 (Reyes D) Employment discrimination: limitation of actions.

Summary: This bill would have increased the filing period with the Department of Fair Employment and Housing for complaints of unlawful employment practices from one to three years.

Status: Vetoed

AB 1901 (Obernolte R) California Environmental Quality Act: exemption: roadway projects.

Summary: This bill would have extended the January 1, 2020 sunset to January 1, 2023 on an exemption from CEQA for projects to repair, maintain, and make minor alterations to existing roadways, provided the project is carried out by a city or county with a population of less than 100,000 to improve public safety and meets other specified conditions. The bill also would have specified that the exemption would apply if, among other things, the project involves negligible or no expansion of an existing vehicular use beyond that existing at the time of the lead agency's determination.

Status: Held in Senate Environmental Quality Committee

AB 1905 (Grayson D) Environmental quality: judicial review: transportation projects.

Summary: This bill would have, in an action or proceeding seeking judicial review under the California Environmental Quality Act, prohibit a court from staying or enjoining a transportation project that would reduce total vehicle miles traveled, that is included in a sustainable communities strategy, and for which an environmental impact report has been certified, unless the court makes specified findings.

Status: Held in Assembly Natural Resources Committee

AB 1907 (Choi R) Vehicle loads.

Summary: This bill would have made non-substantive changes to provisions related to vehicle loads and the prevention of its contents or load from dropping, sifting, leaking, blowing, spilling, or otherwise escaping from the vehicle, except as specified.

Status: Failed passage in Assembly Transportation Committee

AB 1916 (Cooper D) Civil service: Personnel Classification Plan: salary equalization.

Summary: This bill would have required the Department of Human Resources to, by December 13, 2019, and every two years thereafter, evaluate all civil service classifications and prepare a detailed report on gender and ethnicity pay equity in each classification where there is an underrepresentation of women and minorities, as well as required each state agency to submit specified information to the department about each state civil service certification within the agency. The bill also would have required the department to prepare a plan for each state agency to attain pay equity if a discrepancy is found and a specified plan to recruit, attract, and retain women and minorities into positions where there is an underrepresentation of those subgroups.

Status: Vetoed

AB 1925 (Choi R) Vehicles: unsafe, unsecured load.

Summary: This bill requires the Department of Motor Vehicles to include at least one question on unsecured vehicle loads in at least 20% of written tests for people seeking to obtain or renew a driver's license.

Status: Chapter 124 (Statutes, 2018)

AB 1933 (Maienschein R) Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund: recycling infrastructure projects.

Summary: This bill revises the CalRecycle organic waste and recycling grant program funded by the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund to include the recovery of food for human consumption and food waste prevention.

Status: Chapter 808 (Statutes, 2018)

AB 1937 (Santiago D) Public employment: payroll deductions.

Summary: This bill would have revised and recasted provisions related to payroll deduction for the payment of dues by an employee to an employee organization, as defined, among other provisions.

Status: Held in Senate Appropriations Committee

AB 1976 (Limón D) Employment: lactation accommodation.

Summary: This bill requires an employer to make reasonable efforts to provide an employee with use of a room or other location, other than a bathroom, for the purposes of expressing breast milk in private.

Status: Chapter 940 (Statutes, 2018)

AB 1980 (Quirk D) Statute of limitations: hazardous materials.

Summary: This bill extends the statute of limitations for commencing civil enforcement actions for Aboveground Petroleum Storage Act violations from one to five years.

Status: Chapter 141 (Statutes, 2018)

AB 2057 (Salas D) California Environmental Quality Act: biogas pipelines: exemption.

Summary: This bill would have reinstated, through January 1, 2022, a statutory CEQA exemption that had sunset for a pipeline located in Fresno, Kern, Kings, or Tulare County, that

is used to transport biogas derived from the anaerobic digestion of dairy animal waste and meets compressed natural gas specifications adopted by the Air Resources Board. The bill also would have expanded a current statutory CEQA exemption for a project that consists of the inspection, maintenance, repair, restoration, reconditioning, relocation, replacement, or removal of an existing pipeline to include the aforementioned biogas pipelines.

Status: Held in Senate Environmental Quality Committee

AB 2072 (Quirk D) State Water Resources Control Board: constituents of emerging concern.

Summary: This bill would have required the State Water Resources Control Board, to the extent that the state board determines funds are available, to establish and maintain a dedicated program to research the potential effects of constituents of emerging concern in water sources on human and ecosystem health, as prescribed.

Status: Held on Assembly Suspense File

AB 2087 (Waldron R) State government operations: technology modernization.

Summary: This bill would have required each state agency, no later than January 1, 2020, to, in consultation with the Department of Technology, establish modernization goals that will achieve specified objectives. The bill would have required those goals to include, but not be limited to, goals for modernization of the agency's information technology system and for usage of technologies that will improve the efficiency of the agency. The bill would have required an agency, upon establishing those goals, to create an implementation and cost assessment plan for achieving them.

Status: Held on Senate Suspense File

AB 2094 (Kaira D) Hazardous waste facilities: inspections.

Summary: This bill would have required the Department of Toxic Substances Control, on or before January 1, 2021, to adopt regulations establishing inspection frequencies for permitted hazardous waste treatment, storage, and disposal facilities, hazardous waste generators, and hazardous waste transporters, as specified. The bill also would have required the inspection frequency for a hazardous waste land disposal facility to be no less than two times per calendar year and for any other permitted hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility to be no less than once per calendar year.

Status: Held on Senate Suspense File

AB 2122 (Reyes D) Medi-Cal: blood lead screening tests.

Summary: This bill requires the State Department of Health Care Services to ensure that a child enrolled in Medi-Cal receives blood lead screening tests at 12 and 24 months of age, or at any time at which the child is identified as having a high risk of lead exposure, as described by the State Department of Public Health, and that a child two to six years of age receives a blood lead screening test if there is no record of a previous test for that child.

Status: Vetoed

AB 2130 (Brough R) Taxation: Hazardous Substance Tax Law.

Summary: This bill would have required a feepayer to deliver that remittance to the office of the California Department of Tax and Fee Administration within 45 days, instead of 30 days, of the date of assessment.

Status: Held in Assembly Revenue and Taxation Committee

AB 2136 (Bonta D) Damages: lead-based paint.

Summary: This bill would have allowed the injured party, in any action to recover damages for injury to person or property caused by lead-based paint, to establish a prima facie case that a particular lead paint pigment manufacturer is the cause of the injury if the injured party proves by a preponderance of the evidence that the lead paint pigment manufacturer sold, distributed, or promoted in California either the type of lead paint pigment that caused the injury or a product containing the type of lead paint pigment that caused the injury, and would shift the burden of proof to the lead paint pigment manufacturer to prove by a preponderance of the evidence that it did not sell, distribute, or promote the lead paint pigment that caused the injury or a product containing the type of lead paint pigment that caused the injury during the relevant time period or in the geographical market in which the injury occurred.

Status: Held in Senate Judiciary Committee

AB 2149 (Chen R) Hazardous materials: Green Ribbon Science Panel: meetings.

Summary: This bill would increase the number of times the Green Ribbon Science Panel is required to meet to not less than three times each year.

Status: Held in Assembly Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials Committee

AB 2163 (Grayson D) Department of Technology: GIS data: regional notification centers: subsurface installations.

Summary: This bill would have required the Department of Technology to provide Geographic Information Systems (GIS) data to a regional notification center for the purposes of California's "Call Before You Dig" program.

Status: Vetoed

AB 2189 (Santiago D) Hazardous substances: lead: cleanup: Exide Technologies facility.

Summary: This bill would have extended the deadline for the Department of Toxic Substances Control to cleanup properties contaminated with lead near the Exide Technologies facility and appropriates \$12 million from the Lead-Acid Battery Cleanup Fund to DTSC for the investigation and cleanup of parkways near Exide.

Status: Held on Senate Suspense File

AB 2211 (Limón D) California Green Business Program.

Summary: This bill would have established the California Green Business Program within the California Environmental Protection Agency. The bill also would have required the California Green Business Program to, among other things, develop baseline, beyond compliance environmental standards, as defined, for green business certification programs operated by local governments.

Status: Held on Senate Suspense File

AB 2225 (Limón D) State government: storing and recording: public records.

Summary: This bill requires the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Department of Technology, to approve and adopt appropriate uniform statewide standards, as specified, for the purpose of storing and recording public records, described as permanent and nonpermanent documents, in electronic media or in a cloud computing storage system. The bill also requires a cloud computing storage service that complies with specified requirements that provide administrative users with controls to prevent stored public records from being overwritten, deleted, or altered to be considered a trusted system, and requires all public records stored or recorded in electronic media or in a cloud computing service by a state agency to comply with a trusted system as defined in the uniform statewide standards and as otherwise specified.

Status: Chapter 535 (Statutes, 2018)

AB 2251 (Melendez R) State agencies: audits.

Summary: This bill would have required the California State Auditor's Office to conduct a statewide audit of all state agencies, as defined, by December 31, 2019, and every 10 years thereafter, to identify state programs that duplicate federal programs and to recommend the elimination of such duplicate programs. The bill also would have stated the intent of the legislature to enact legislation that would provide that funding for eliminated programs be allocated to California taxpayers, as specified.

Status: Held in Assembly Accountability and Administrative Review Committee

AB 2267 (Wood D) California Environmental Quality Act: Sonoma County Renewal Enterprise District.

Summary: This bill would, until January 1, 2024, provide for streamlined judicial review for actions or proceedings brought pursuant to CEQA on the adoption or approval of amendments to the Downtown Station Area Specific Plan for the City of Santa Rosa meeting certain requirements or on the approval of residential projects that are consistent with the amended Downtown Station Area Specific Plan.

Status: Held on Senate Inactive File

AB 2277 (Mathis R) Solid waste facilities: home-generated pharmaceutical waste: incineration.

Summary: This bill would have vested the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery with the primary responsibility for the disposal of home-generated pharmaceutical waste and, on or before January 1, 2020, required the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, in collaboration with the State Department of Public Health, the Department of Toxic Substances Control, and the California State Board of Pharmacy, to adopt regulations authorizing the incineration of home-generated pharmaceutical waste by solid waste facilities, as specified.

Status: Held in Assembly Environmental Quality and Toxic Materials Committee

AB 2341 (Mathis R) California Environmental Quality Act: aesthetic impacts.

Summary: This bill would, until January 1, 2024, specify that, except as provided, the aesthetic effects of projects meeting certain requirements are not significant effects on the

environment for purposes of CEQA and that the lead agency is not required to evaluate the aesthetic effects of those projects.

Status: Chapter 298 (Statutes, 2018)

AB 2345 (Reyes D) Hazardous waste: facilities: permits.

Summary: This bill would have required, for a hazardous waste facilities permit that will expire on or before July 1, 2021, the owner or operator of a facility intending to extend the term of that permit to submit a Part A and Part B application for a permit renewal at least 6 months before the fixed term of the permit expires. The bill would require, for a hazardous waste facilities permit that will expire after July 1, 2021, the owner or operator to submit a Part A and Part B application for a permit renewal at least 2 years before the fixed term of the permit expires. The bill would provide that, if a Part A and Part B renewal application and any other requested information has been submitted in accord with these requirements, the permit is deemed extended until the application is approved or denied and the owner has exhausted all applicable rights of appeal. The bill also would have required the department, no later than 90 days after receiving an application for a hazardous waste facilities permit, to post on its Internet Web site a timeline with the estimated dates of key milestones in the application review process, to note on its Internet Web site that these dates are estimates, and to update the dates as needed.

Status: The bill was amended into legislation related to renewable energy tariffs (held in Senate Rules Committee).

AB 2370 (Holden D) Lead exposure: child day care facilities: family day care homes.

Summary: This bill requires, as a condition of licensure for licenses (under the California Child Day Care Facilities Act) issued on or after July 1, 2020, health and safety training to include instruction in the prevention of lead exposure as a part of the preventive health practices course or courses component.

Status: Chapter 676 (Statutes, 2018)

AB 2379 (Bloom D) Waste management: plastic microfiber.

Summary: This bill would have required that new clothing made from fabric that is composed of more than 50% synthetic material bear a conspicuous label that is visible to the consumer at the point of sale, in the form of a sticker, hang tag, or any other label type, with specified information, including a statement that the garment sheds plastic microfibers when washed. The bill also would have required new clothing with that material composition, if a care label is required pursuant to federal law, to include additional information on the care label, including that same statement.

Status: Held on Assembly Floor

AB 2407 (Ting D) Recycling: lithium-ion vehicle batteries: advisory group.

Summary: This bill would have required the Secretary for Environmental Protection, on or before April 1, 2019, to convene the Lithium-Ion Car Battery Recycling Advisory Group to review, and advise the Legislature on, policies pertaining to the recovery and recycling of lithium-ion batteries sold with motor vehicles in the state, and would require the secretary to appoint members to the committee from specified departments, vocations, and organizations. The bill also would have required the advisory group to consult with specified entities and, on

or before April 1, 2020, to submit policy recommendations to the Legislature aimed at ensuring that 90% of end-of-life lithium-ion batteries discarded in the state are recycled in a safe and cost-effective manner in the state.

Status: Held in Senate Environmental Quality Committee (combined with AB 2832 [Dahle])

AB 2447 (Reyes D) California Environmental Quality Act: land use: environmental justice.

Summary: This bill would have, except as provided, required a lead agency that is preparing an EIR or a negative declaration to provide certain notices required by CEQA to owners and occupants of property located within a half mile of any parcel or parcels, and to any schools located within one mile of any parcel or parcels, on which is located a project involving an industrial or equivalent land use, as defined, within a disadvantaged community or within a half mile of a disadvantaged community.

Status: Vetoed

AB 2453 (Garcia, Eduardo D) Air pollution: schools.

Summary: This bill authorizes a grant for modernization under the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 to be used to limit pupil exposure to harmful air pollutants by updating air filtration systems and specifies that this is declaratory of existing law.

Status: Chapter 714 (Statutes, 2018)

AB 2474 (Quirk D) Hazardous waste: identification: testing.

Summary: This bill would have authorized the Department of Toxic Substances Control, to the extent that funds are available for this purpose, to evaluate whether specified test methods are appropriate to be adapted for use in determining whether a waste is a hazardous waste.

Status: Vetoed

AB 2482 (Voepel R) Employment: flexible work schedules.

Summary: This bill would have permitted an individual nonexempt employee to request an employee-selected flexible work schedule providing for workdays up to 10 hours per day within a 40-hour workweek, and allowed an employer to implement this schedule without the obligation to pay overtime compensation for those additional hours in a workday, except as specified. The bill also would have required the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement in the Department of Industrial Relations to enforce this provision and adopt regulations.

Status: Failed passage in Assembly Labor and Employment Committee

AB 2501 (Chu D) Drinking water: state administrators: consolidation and extension of service.

Summary: This bill revises and recasts existing law to expand the State Water Resources Control Board's authority to order the consolidation of, and appoint an administrator for, drinking water systems that serve a disadvantaged community and that consistently fail to provide safe, affordable drinking water.

Status: Chapter 871 (Statutes, 2018)

AB 2606 (Fong R) Hazardous waste: facilities: permits: renewals.

Summary: This bill would have required the Department of Toxic Substances Control to process a hazardous waste facilities permit renewal application in an expedited manner, as provided, if the department determines that certain conditions are met, including that operations at the hazardous waste facility have not changed since the approval of the permit in effect at the time the renewal application is submitted. The bill also would have required the department to cease processing a hazardous waste facilities application in an expedited manner if the hazardous waste facility no longer meets one or more specified conditions.

Status: Held on Senate Suspense File

AB 2636 (Garcia, Eduardo D) Attorney General: Environmental Justice Fund.

Summary: This bill would have created the Environmental Justice Fund, into which the Attorney General would be authorized to deposit moneys from various special funds, settlements, and penalties, as specified. The bill also would have required that the fund be used, upon appropriation by the Legislature, by the Attorney General to provide additional support for investigations and litigation intended to protect communities that endure a disproportionate share of environmental pollution and to promote the fair treatment of people of all races, cultures, and incomes with respect to the implementation and enforcement of environmental laws, regulations, and policies.

Status: Held in Senate Environmental Quality Committee

AB 2651 (Kiley R) Civil actions.

Summary: This bill would have required the motion for summary judgment or summary adjudication in a civil action or proceeding to be heard no later than 45 days before the date of trial. The bill also would have authorized the moving party to arrange the separate statement of undisputed facts by cause of action or count, and would require the separate statement filed in support of any opposition to be arranged in the same order as the moving party's separate statement with respect to facts contended to be undisputed.

Status: Held in Assembly Judiciary Committee

AB 2660 (Quirk D) Hazardous waste: surplus household consumer products.

Summary: This bill would have imposed certain requirements on a retailer or supplier that transfers or ships a surplus household consumer product to a reverse distributor, as well as authorize the reverse distributor to evaluate the product for reuse, donation, transfer for credit, and other specified purposes. The bill also would have required the Department of Toxic Substances Control to reconvene the Retail Waste Working Group, evaluate whether the provisions of this bill have resulted in specified outcomes, and report the findings to the Legislature.

Status: Held in the Senate Environmental Quality Committee

AB 2671 (Fong R) Regulations: legislative review: regulatory reform.

Summary: This bill would have required the Office of Administrative Law to submit to each house of the Legislature for review a copy of each major regulation that it submits to the Secretary of State. The bill also would have added another exception to those currently provided that specifies that a regulation does not become effective if the Legislature enacts a

statute to override the regulation.

Status: Held on the Assembly Suspense File

AB 2713 (Rodriguez D) Public employment: sexual harassment tracking.

Summary: This bill requires the equal employment officer of each state agency to, by July 1, 2019, and annually on that date thereafter, submit a report to the Department of Human Resources that contains specified information relating to sexual harassment complaints received by, or filed with, that agency within a specified time period, and information related to any judgment or settlement paid or received by the agency relating to sexual harassment. The bill also prohibits the equal employment officer from including in the report any individually identifiable information pertaining to a complainant or witness.

Status: Vetoed

AB 2728 (Chen R) Replacement of corroded or lead-containing plumbing or service lines: loans.

Summary: This bill would have, to the extent funding is made available, authorized the State Water Resources Control Board to establish a grant program to provide funding to a county or qualified nonprofit organization, as specified, to provide low-interest loans to defined property owners for the replacement of corroded or lead-containing plumbing and service lines that adversely impact drinking water standards or for the installation of a point-of-use or point-of-entry water treatment system, as specified.

Status: Held on the Assembly Suspense File

AB 2782 (Friedman D) California Environmental Quality Act.

Summary: This bill authorizes lead agencies, in describing and evaluating projects, to consider the specific economic, legal, social, technological, or other benefits of, and the negative impacts of denying, the project.

Status: Chapter 193 (Statutes, 2018)

AB 2787 (Quirk D) Lead fishing tackle.

Summary: As introduced, this bill would have required the Department of Fish and Wildlife, on or before March 1, 2020, to review existing research and data on the impacts of lead fishing tackle on, at minimum, the environment, including wildlife, rivers, lakes, streams, and potential drinking water sources, review efforts in other jurisdictions to regulate the use of lead fishing tackle, and submit a report on the findings of the review to the Governor and the Legislature.

Status: This bill was amended into an energy storage bill (held on Senate Inactive File).

AB 2803 (Limón D) Public nuisance: residential lead-based paint.

Summary: This bill would have provided that residential lead-based paint that affects the health of a considerable number of persons constitutes a public nuisance. Under the bill, a party may have been subjected to liability for public nuisance if that party promoted lead-based paint for a particular use with actual or constructive knowledge that such use would cause health hazards sufficiently serious to render that use unreasonable, as specified. The bill also would have provided that, in an action seeking solely abatement of residential lead-based paint, causation may be established without presenting evidence that a particular party caused

a particular lead-based paint to be applied in a particular residence, as specified.

Status: Held in Senate Appropriations Committee

AB 2828 (Friedman D) Waste discharge requirements: produced water: oil and gas operations.

Summary: This bill would have authorized a regional board to approve a waste discharge requirement for the use or reuse of produced water from an oil and gas operation for agriculture purposes or for groundwater recharge, only if, after a public hearing, it finds that the California Council on Science and Technology has reviewed the best available independent scientific evidence and has found the use will not pose a significant risk to the public from any contaminants in the produced water, as provided.

Status: Held in Assembly Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials Committee

AB 2832 (Dahle R) Recycling: lithium-ion vehicle batteries: advisory group.

Summary: This bill requires the Secretary for Environmental Protection, on or before April 1, 2019, to convene the Lithium-Ion Car Battery Recycling Advisory Group to review, and advise the Legislature on, policies pertaining to the recovery and recycling of lithium-ion batteries sold with motor vehicles in the state, and would require the secretary to appoint members to the committee from specified departments, vocations, and organizations. The bill also requires the advisory group to consult with specified entities and, on or before April 1, 2022, to submit policy recommendations to the Legislature aimed at ensuring that as close to 100% as possible of lithium-ion batteries in the state are reused or recycled at end-of-life in a safe and cost-effective manner.

Status: Chapter 822 (Statutes, 2018)

AB 2851 (Grayson D) Lead exposure: abatement.

Summary: This bill would have specifically provided that the presence of lead-based paint on or in private or public residential properties or structures, whether considered individually, collectively, or in the aggregate, is not a public nuisance.

Status: Held in Senate Rules Committee

AB 2856 (Melendez R) California Environmental Quality Act: housing development projects.

Summary: This bill would have, except as provided, prohibited the court, in an action or proceeding brought alleging a violation of CEQA, from staying or enjoining the siting, construction, or operation of housing development projects, as defined.

Status: Failed passage in Assembly Natural Resources Committee

AB 2901 (Committee on Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials) Cleaning Product Right to Know Act of 2017.

Summary: This bill updates and corrects references to the names of specified substances and entities under the Cleaning Product Right to Know Act of 2017

Status: Chapter 28 (Statutes, 2018)

AB 2902 (Committee on Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials) Hazardous substances.

Summary: This bill revises the definition of “tank in an underground area” to mean a stationary storage tank that meets those same specifications and requirements, and would make other revisions to that definition under the Aboveground Petroleum Storage Act.

Status: Chapter 721 (Statutes, 2018)

AB 2928 (Chen R) Hazardous waste: used oil.

Summary: This bill provides that the testing of used oil from a generator of highly controlled used oil, as defined, is required only once per year for the purpose of determining whether the used oil is hazardous waste for purposes of the exemption from regulation.

Status: Chapter 440 (Statutes, 2018)

AB 2934 (Stone, Mark D) Residential lead-based paint hazard reduction program: county health departments: certification.

Summary: This bill would have required the Department of Public Health, by February 1, 2019, to request permission from the federal Environmental Protection Agency to modify its Lead Related Construction Program agreement to expand its authority and authorize a county to implement and administer the certification program for persons engaged in lead construction work.

Status: Held on Senate Suspense File

AB 2998 (Bloom D) Consumer products: flame retardant materials.

Summary: This bill prohibits the sale of new juvenile products, mattresses or upholstered furniture that contain specific flame retardant chemicals beginning January 1, 2020. The bill also requires the Department of Consumer Affairs’ Bureau of Electronics and Appliance Repair, Home Furnishings and Thermal Insulation to enforce its requirements, and to monitor for compliance by sending samples to the Department of Toxic Substances Control for analysis.

Status: Chapter 924 (Statutes, 2018)

AB 3009 (Quirk D) Hazardous materials: lead-based paint.

Summary: This bill would have imposed a \$2 charge on manufacturers of paint, as defined, for each gallon of paint sold in the state and required the California Department of Tax and Fee Administration to collect the charges, as prescribed. The bill also would have, except as provided, required the collected charges to be deposited into the Lead-Based Paint Cleanup Fund, which the bill would have created in the State Treasury.

Status: Held on Assembly Inactive File

AB 3014 (Quirk D) Brake friction materials: copper limits: high-performance road- and track-capable vehicle exemption.

Summary: This bill would have exempted high-performance road- and track-capable vehicles and brake friction materials for use on those vehicles from the prohibition against the sale of motor vehicle brake friction materials containing more than 5% copper by weight on and after January 1, 2021, if the seller first receives approval for the exemption from the Department of Toxic Substances Control. The bill also would have required the department to annually

exempt no more than 10,000 high-performance road- and track-capable vehicles, and brake friction materials for use on those vehicles, per manufacturer of those vehicles or materials from that prohibition and would require that brake friction material on a high-performance road- and track-capable vehicle, and brake friction material for use on one of those vehicles, exempted pursuant to these provisions not exceed 30% copper by weight.

Status: Held in Senate Environmental Quality Committee

AB 3027 (Chávez R) California Environmental Quality Act: attorney's fees.

Summary: This bill would have, for a prevailing party that is a plaintiff or petitioner in an action or proceeding under CEQA, limit the awarding of attorney's fees to certain persons or entities.

Status: Failed passage in Assembly Natural Resources Committee

AB 3030 (Caballero D) California Environmental Quality Act: exemption: qualified opportunity zones.

Summary: This bill would have exempted a project that is financed by a qualified opportunity fund and that meets certain requirements from CEQA and required the project proponent to make certain certifications regarding the project. The bill also would have required a lead agency, before making a determination that the project is exempt from CEQA, to hold a noticed public hearing on the project, as specified.

Status: Held on Senate Suspense File

AB 3037 (Chiu D) Community Redevelopment Law of 2018.

Summary: This bill, the Community Redevelopment Law of 2018, would have authorized a city or county to propose the formation of a redevelopment housing and infrastructure agency by adoption of a resolution of intention that meets specified requirements, including that the resolution of intention include a passthrough provision and an override passthrough provision, as defined. The bill also would have required the city or county to submit that resolution to each affected taxing entity, and would authorize an entity that receives that resolution to elect to not receive a passthrough payment, as provided.

Status: Held on the Assembly Suspense File

AB 3080 (Gonzalez Fletcher D) Employment discrimination: enforcement.

Summary: This bill would have prohibited a person from, as a condition of employment, continued employment, the receipt of any employment-related benefit, or as a condition of entering into a contractual agreement, prohibiting an applicant for employment, employee, or independent contractor from disclosing to any person an instance of sexual harassment that the employee or independent contractor suffers, witnesses, or discovers in the workplace or in the performance of the contract, or otherwise opposing any lawful practice, or from exercising any right or obligation or participating in any investigation or proceeding with respect to unlawful harassment or discrimination.

Status: Vetoed

AB 3081 (Gonzalez Fletcher D) Employment: sexual harassment.

Summary: This bill would have required a client employer to share with a labor contractor all civil legal responsibility and civil liability for harassment for all workers supplied by that labor

contractor.

Status: Vetoed

AB 3138 (Muratsuchi D) Hazardous materials: management: civil liability.

Summary: This bill, for California Accidental Release Prevention program violations that occur on or after January 1, 2019, increases the lesser maximum amount of civil or administrative liability imposed on a person or stationary source for a violation to \$5,000 for each day in which the violation occurs, and authorizes the greater maximum civil or administrative liability to be imposed on a person or stationary source that knowingly violates those provisions regardless of whether the violation was committed after reasonable notice.

Status: Chapter 308 (Statutes, 2018)

AB 3230 (Muratsuchi D) Green chemistry: consumer products.

Summary: Would make legislative findings and declarations to, among other things, encourage the Department of Toxic Substances Control to work with the Legislature in its oversight capacity as the department identifies and analyzes consumer products that may contain hazardous chemicals and to initiate rulemaking actions for consumer products found to contain hazardous chemicals, as appropriate.

Status: Held before being heard in Assembly committee

SENATE BILLS

SB 5 (De Leon D) California Drought, Water, Parks, Climate, Coastal Protection, and Outdoor Access For All Act of 2018.

Summary: This bill enacts the California Drought, Water, Parks, Climate, Coastal Protection, and Outdoor Access For All Act of 2018, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in an amount of \$4,000,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance a drought, water, parks, climate, coastal protection, and outdoor access for all program. The bill, upon voter approval, also reallocates \$100,000,000 of the unissued bonds authorized for the purposes of Propositions 1, 40, and 84 to finance the purposes of a drought, water, parks, climate, coastal protection, and outdoor access for all program.

Status: Chapter 852 (Statutes, 2017)

SB 28 (Pan D) State public employment: memoranda of understanding: approval.

Summary: This bill approves provisions requiring the expenditure of funds in the memoranda of understanding entered into between the state employer and State Bargaining Unit 1, Professional, Administrative, Financial, and Staff Services, State Bargaining Unit 3, Professional Educators and Librarians, State Bargaining Unit 4, Office and Allied, State Bargaining Unit 8, Firefighters, State Bargaining Unit 11, Engineering and Scientific Technicians, State Bargaining Unit 12, Craft and Maintenance, State Bargaining Unit 13, Stationary Engineers, State Bargaining Unit 14, Printing and Allied Trades, State Bargaining Unit 15, Allied services, State Bargaining Unit 17, Registered Nurses, State Bargaining Unit 18, Psychiatric Technicians, State Bargaining Unit 19, Health and Social Services/Professional, State Bargaining Unit 20, Medical and Social Services, and State Bargaining Unit 21, Educational Consultant and Library.

Status: Chapter 1 (Statutes, 2017)

SB 35 (Weiner D) Planning and zoning: affordable housing: streamlined approval process.

Summary: This bill requires the housing element portion of the annual report required by the Planning and Zoning Law to be prepared through the use of standards, forms, and definitions adopted by the Department of Housing and Community Development, pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act.

Status: Chapter 366 (Statutes, 2017)

SB 51 (Jackson D) Professional licensees: environmental sciences and climate change: whistleblower and data protection.

Summary: This bill would have prohibited licensing entities, except the State Bar of California, from taking disciplinary action, including suspension, loss of credential, registration, or other professional privilege, against a public employee, as defined to include those persons working in the environmental sciences and climate-change-related fields who are conducting scientific or technical research, in connection with actions taken by that person to report improper federal governmental activity or disclose the results of or information about scientific or technical research to the public by means that include, but are not limited to, publishing the information in a scientific or a public forum or sharing it with the media.

Status: Vetoed

SB 72 (Mitchell D) Budget Act of 2017.

Summary: This bill would have made appropriations for the support of state government for the 2017–18 fiscal year.

Status: Held in Senate Budget and Fiscal Review Committee

SB 80 (Wieckowski D) California Environmental Quality Act: notices.

Summary: This bill would have required the lead agency to post requested CEQA notices on the agency's Internet Web site and required the agency to offer to provide those notices by email.

Status: Vetoed

SB 100 (De Leon D) California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program: emissions of greenhouse gases.

Summary: This bill revises the legislative findings and declarations of the California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program to state that the goal of the program is to achieve that 50% renewable resources target by December 31, 2026, and to achieve a 60% target by December 31, 2030.

Status: Chapter 312 (Statutes, 2018)

SB 146 (Stern D) Natural gas storage: moratorium.

Summary: As introduced, this bill would have required the State Oil and Gas Supervisor to continue the prohibition against Southern California Gas Company injecting any natural gas into the Aliso Canyon natural gas storage facility located in the County of Los Angeles until a specified root cause analysis of the natural gas leak from the facility has been completed and released in its entirety to the public.

Status: The bill was amended into legislation related to protecting the threespine stickleback (held in Senate Natural Resources and Water Committee).

SB 201 (Skinner D) Higher Education Employer-Employee Relations Act: employees.

Summary: This bill makes student employees, whose employment is contingent upon their status as students, "employees" and "higher education employees" for purposes of the Higher Education Employer-Employee Relations Act.

Status: Chapter 854 (Statutes, 2017)

SB 212 (Jackson D) Solid waste: pharmaceutical and sharps waste stewardship.

Summary: This bill establishes a stewardship program, under which a manufacturer or distributor of covered drugs or sharps, or other entity defined to be covered by the bill, is required to establish and implement, either on its own or as part of a group of covered entities through membership in a stewardship organization, a stewardship program for covered drugs or for sharps, as applicable. The bill also imposes various requirements on a covered entity or stewardship organization that operates a stewardship program, including submitting a proposed stewardship plan, an initial stewardship program budget, an annual budget, annual report, and other specified information to CalRecycle.

Status: Chapter 1004 (Statutes, 2018)

SB 224 (Jackson D) Personal rights: civil liability and enforcement.

Summary: This bill includes within the elements in a cause of action for sexual harassment when the plaintiff proves, among other things, that the defendant holds himself or herself out as being able to help the plaintiff establish a business, service, or professional relationship with the defendant or a third party. The bill also eliminates the element that the plaintiff prove there is an inability by the plaintiff to easily terminate the relationship and includes an investor, elected official, lobbyist, director, and producer among those listed persons who may be liable to a plaintiff for sexual harassment.

Status: Chapter 951 (Statutes, 2018)

SB 258 (Lara D) Cleaning Product Right to Know Act of 2017.

Summary: This bill requires a manufacturer of a designated product, as defined, that is sold in the state to disclose on the product label and on the product's Internet Web site information related to chemicals contained in the designated product, as specified.

Status: Chapter 830 (Statutes, 2017)

SB 293 (Pan D) State employment: supervisors.

Summary: This bill would have added peace officer supervisors of employees in State Bargaining Unit 7 to the group of peace officer supervisors who are required to receive salary and benefits changes that are at least generally equivalent to the salary and benefits granted to employees they supervise.

Status: Held on Senate Suspense File

SB 316 (Wieckowski D) Attorneys: pro bono legal aid services.

Summary: This bill would have revised references within the State Bar Act to "pro bono legal services" in those provisions to instead refer to "pro bono legal aid services" and would define pro bono legal aid services for those purposes.

Status: Held in Assembly Appropriations Committee

SB 345 (Bradford D) Law enforcement agencies: public records.

Summary: This bill would have, commencing January 1, 2019, required the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control, the Department of the California Highway Patrol, the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, the Department of Fish and Wildlife, the Department of Justice, the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training, and each local law enforcement agency to conspicuously post on their Internet Web sites all current standards, policies, practices, operating procedures, and education and training materials that would otherwise be available to the public if a request was made pursuant to the California Public Records Act.

Status: Vetoed

SB 377 (Monning D) Lead-based paint.

Summary: This bill would have required the State Department of Public Health, within one year of the Legislature providing sufficient funding, to review and amend its regulations governing lead-related construction work, including training and certification for workers and accreditation for trainers in lead-safe work practices, to comply with existing state regulations and the United States Environmental Protection Agency's Lead Renovation, Repair, and

Painting Rule, as specified. The bill also would have required the adoption of those regulations to establish fee provisions for those certifications and accreditations and required the fees to be deposited into the Lead-Related Construction Fund.

Status: Held on Assembly Inactive File

SB 657 (Bates R) California Public Records Act: reverse public records actions.

Summary: This bill would have required a court in a reverse public records action to apply the provisions of the California Public Records Act as if the action had been initiated by a person requesting disclosure of a public record. This bill also would have required the requestor, as defined, to be named as a real party of interest in a reverse public records action, and would require a court to allow the requestor, at his or her request, to be heard on the merits of the reverse public records action.

Status: Held in Senate Judiciary Committee

SB 752 (Stone R) Pharmacy: designated representative-reverse distributors.

Summary: This bill authorizes a wholesaler that only acts as a reverse distributor to operate under the supervision of a designated representative-reverse distributor, as an alternative to operating under the supervision of a designated representative or pharmacist, and would provide for the separate licensure of individuals as designated representative-reverse distributors upon application, payment of an application fee, and completion of certain requirements.

Status: Chapter 598 (Statutes, 2017)

SB 771 (De Leon D) California Environmental Quality Act: continuing education: public employees.

Summary: Would establish a continuing education requirement for employees of public agencies who have primary responsibility to administer the California Environmental Quality Act, as specified. Because this bill would require a public agency to ensure that this continuing education requirement is met, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Status: Held on Assembly Inactive File

SB 774 (Leyva D) Hazardous substances: California Toxic Substances Board.

Summary: As introduced, this bill would have established the California Toxic Substances Board in the Department of Toxic Substances Control. The bill, notwithstanding any other law, would have required the board to appoint the Director of Toxic Substances Control, who would hold office at the pleasure of the board and provide for the membership of the board, the salary and terms of the board members, and other various powers and duties of the board. The bill also would have required the board to conduct monthly public hearings to consider matters before the board relating to hazardous waste facilities permits and sites.

Status: The bill was amended into legislation related to a wildfire research grant program (vetoed).

SB 794 (Stern D) Fireworks: fireworks stewardship program.

Summary: This bill would have repealed the provisions relating to a model ordinance that permits local jurisdictions to adopt streamlined enforcement and administrative fine procedures

related to possession of 25 pounds or less of dangerous fireworks.

Status: Held in Assembly Governmental Organization Committee

SB 839 (Mitchell D) Budget Act of 2018.

Summary: This bill would have made appropriations for the support of the government of the State of California and for several public purposes in accordance with the provisions of Section 12 of Article IV of the Constitution of the State of California, relating to the state budget, to take effect immediately.

Status: Held in Senate Budget and Fiscal Review Committee

SB 840 (Mitchell D) Budget Act of 2018.

Summary: This bill makes appropriations for the support of state government for the 2018–19 fiscal year.

Status: Chapter 29 (Statutes, 2018)

SB 921 (Morrell R) State agencies: Internet Web sites: disclosure of financial information.

Summary: This bill would have required any state agency, as defined, that maintains or operates its own Internet Web site to post specified information regarding the number of persons it employs and its total authorized budget amount on its homepage.

Status: Failed passage in the Senate Governmental Organization Committee

SB 937 (Wiener D) Lactation accommodation.

Summary: This bill would have required an employer to provide a lactation room or location that includes prescribed features and would require an employer, among other things, to provide access to a sink and refrigerator in close proximity to the employee's workspace, as specified. The bill also would have required an employer to develop and implement a policy regarding lactation accommodation and make it available to employees, as specified, as well as maintain records of requests for lactation accommodation for three years and to give the Labor Commission access to those records.

Status: Vetoed

SB 1027 (Pan D) State employee survey.

Summary: This bill would have required the Department of General Services, in consultation with the State Air Resources Board, to update a specified voluntary survey on state employee commutes by July 1, 2020, and at least once every five years thereafter, to include calculations for associated greenhouse gas emissions, as specified. The bill also would have required the department to report the findings to the Legislature, Governor, and all state agencies, and required the department and the state board to develop incentives to increase state employees' voluntary participation in the survey.

Status: Held on Senate Suspense File

SB 1041 (Leyva D) Childhood lead poisoning prevention.

Summary: This bill makes it a goal of the state that all children at risk of lead exposure receive blood lead screening tests, and requires the State Department of Public Health and local

agencies to take action necessary to ensure these goals are met.

Status: Chapter 690 (Statutes, 2018)

SB 1052 (Bates R) California Environmental Quality Act: judicial challenge: identification of parties and contributors.

Summary: This bill would have required a plaintiff or petitioner, in an action brought pursuant to CEQA, to disclose specified information regarding the plaintiff or petitioner in the complaint or petition, as specified. The bill also would have required disclosure of the identity of a person or entity that contributes in excess of \$100 dollars, as specified, toward the plaintiff's or petitioner's costs of an action, and would have provided that a failure to provide this disclosure shall be grounds for dismissal of the action by the court or, if the failure occurs during a post judgment proceeding, the denial of attorneys' fees for a successful plaintiff or petitioner.

Status: Failed passage in Senate Environmental Quality Committee

SB 1054 (Hertzberg D) Santa Susana Field Laboratory cleanup.

Summary: As introduced, this bill would have required the DTSC to provide the public with a monthly status report on the projected completion dates of all environmental review documents and all approved soil or groundwater cleanup plans related to the Santa Susana Field Laboratory cleanup effort.

Status: The bill was amended into legislation related to pretrial services (Chapter 980, Statutes, 2018).

SB 1072 (Leyva D) Regional Climate Collaborative Program: technical assistance.

Summary: This bill, until October 1, 2029, establishes a regional climate collaborative program, to be administered by the council, to assist under-resourced communities, as defined, in a region to access statewide public and other grant moneys, as specified, for climate change mitigation and adaptation projects by establishing collaboratives, as specified. The bill also authorizes the council to award specified annual grants to collaboratives for specified activities.

Status: Chapter 377 (Statutes, 2018)

SB 1097 (Hueso D) Lead poisoning.

Summary: This bill requires the Department of Public Health's biennial report describing the effectiveness of appropriate case management efforts (related to lead poisoning in children) to contain specified information for each county, including the number of children tested for lead poisoning. The bill also requires the department to post the report on the department's Internet Web site.

Status: Chapter 691 (Statutes, 2018)

SB 1144 (Dodd D) Enhanced industrial disability leave: State Bargaining Unit 8.

Summary: This bill deletes the requirement that an employee of State Bargaining Unit 8 be temporarily disabled for a period that exceeds 22 consecutive days to be entitled to the enhanced industrial disability leave benefit. The bill also includes within this benefit any salary increases that the employee would have received during his or her leave. The bill revises the condition concerning an injury or illness being declared permanent, to include that it also be

declared stationary.

Status: Chapter 897 (Statutes, 2018)

SB 1150 (Jackson D) Gender discrimination.

Summary: This bill would have required all state agencies, in consultation with the Commission on the Status of Women and Girls, to conduct an evaluation of their own departments to ensure that the state does not discriminate against women through the allocation of funding and the delivery of services. The bill, on or before January 1, 2020, and on or before January 1 every 2 years thereafter, also would have required state agencies to report their findings and recommendations, as specified, to the commission.

Status: Held on Senate Suspense File

SB 1161 (Stone R) Junk dealers and recyclers: payment for nonferrous material.

Summary: As introduced, this bill would have required payment for nonferrous material to be made in the form of a donation to a nonprofit organization, unless the material is delivered by a junk dealer or recycler.

Status: The bill was amended into legislation related to rural crime prevention (held on Senate Suspense File).

SB 1244 (Wieckowski D) Public records: disclosure.

Summary: This bill replaces the term “plaintiff” with the term “requester” in Government Code Section 6259(d) to clarify that the court shall award court costs and reasonable attorney’s fees to the requester should the requester prevail in litigation filed pursuant to this section and to clarify that the court shall award court costs and reasonable attorney fees to the public agency if the court finds that the requester’s case is clearly frivolous.

Status: Chapter 463 (Statutes, 2018)

SB 1249 (Galgiani D) Animal testing: cosmetics.

Summary: This bill prohibits a manufacturer of cosmetic products to knowingly import for profit, sell at retail, or offer for sale or promotional purposes at retail in this state, any cosmetic if the final product or any component thereof was tested on animals after January 1, 2020. Under this bill, the Department of Toxic Substances Control’s hazardous waste determination testing would be exempt.

Status: Chapter 1249 (Statutes, 2018)

SB 1327 (Atkins D) Building Homes and Jobs Act.

Summary: This bill would have stated the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would provide clarifying amendments to the provisions related to real property transactions under the Building Homes and Jobs Act.

Status: Held in Senate Rules Committee

SB 1340 (Glazer D) California Environmental Quality Act: housing projects.

Summary: This bill would have required the Judicial Council, by July 1, 2019, to adopt a rule of court establishing procedures applicable to actions or proceedings seeking judicial review pursuant to CEQA of a lead agency’s action, as specified, for a housing project. The bill also would have prohibited the court, in an action or proceeding brought alleging a violation of

CEQA, from staying or enjoining the siting, construction, or operation of a housing project, except as provided.

Status: Failed passage in Senate Judiciary Committee

SB 1341 (Glazer D) California Environmental Quality Act: judicial challenge: identification of contributors.

Summary: This bill would have required a plaintiff or petitioner, in an action brought pursuant to CEQA, to disclose the identity of a person or entity that contributes in excess of \$1,000 toward the plaintiff's or petitioner's costs of the action. The bill also would have required the plaintiff or petitioner to identify any pecuniary or business interest related to the project of any person or entity that contributes in excess of \$1,000 to the costs of the action, as specified.

Status: Held in Senate Environmental Quality Committee

SB 1370 (Stern D) Well stimulation treatments.

Summary: As introduced, this bill would have eliminated the exemption from permitting requirements for well stimulation treatments used for the routine maintenance of wells associated with underground natural gas storage facilities.

Status: The bill was amended into legislation related to the Aliso Canyon natural gas storage facility (held in Assembly Utilities and Energy Committee).

SB 1445 (Stone R) Hazardous waste.

Summary: This bill would have made a non-substantive change to the provision requiring the Department of Toxic Substances Control to develop and adopt by regulation criteria and guidelines for the identification and management of hazardous wastes.

Status: Held in Senate Rules Committee

SCR 91 (Roth D) California Law Revision Commission: studies.

Summary: This measure grants approval to the commission to continue its study of designated topics that the Legislature previously authorized or directed the commission to study. The measure also authorizes and requests the commission to study and report on topics relating to hazardous waste control and hazardous substances.

Status: Chapter 158 (Statutes, 2018)

BILL SUBJECT INDEX

(Note: The bills are listed in their original categorized subject. These are subject to change over the course of the legislative year, so they may no longer correspond.)

Administrative

AB 12	Cooley	State government: administrative regulations: review	DEAD
AB 77	Fong	Regulations: effective dates and legislative review	DEAD
AB 92	Bonta	Public contracts: payment	Chapter 37
AB 262	Bonta	Public contracts: bid specifications: Buy Clean California Act	Chapter 816
AB 353	Voepel	Enploment policy: voluntary veterans' preference	DEAD
AB 517	Harper	State government: travel: political beliefs	DEAD
AB 657	Cunningham	State government: small business liaisons	Chapter 81
AB 1870	Reyes	Employment discrimination: limitation of actions	Vetoed
AB 1916	Cooper	Civil service: Personnel Classification Plan: salary equalization	Vetoed
AB 1937	Santiago	Public employment: patrol deductions	DEAD
AB 1976	Limon	Employment: lactation accommodation	Chapter 940
AB 2251	Melendez	State agencies: audits	DEAD
AB 2482	Voepel	Employment: flexible work schedules	DEAD
AB 2713	Rodriguez	Public employment: sexual harassment tracking	Vetoed
AB 3080	Gonzalez	Employment discrimination: enforcement	Vetoed
	Fletcher		
AB 3081	Gonzalez	Employment: sexual harassment	Vetoed
	Fletcher		
SB 28	Pan	State public employment: memoranda of understanding: approval	Chapter 1
SB 51	Jackson	Professional licensees: environmental sciences and climate changes: whistleblower and data protection	Vetoed
SB 201	Skinner	Higher Education Employer-Employee Relations Act: employees	Chapter 854
SB 293	Pan	State employment: supervisors	DEAD
SB 316	Wieckowski	Attorneys: pro bono legal aid services	DEAD
SB 774	Leyva	Research program: firefighting: wildland and wildland-urban interface (Previously: Hazardous substances: California Toxic Substances Board)	Vetoed
SB 921	Morrell	State agencies: Internet Web sites: disclosure of financial information	DEAD
SB 937	Wiener	Lactation accommodation	Vetoed
SB 1144	Dodd	Enhanced industrial disability leave: State Bargaining Unit 8	Chapter 897
SB 1150	Jackson	Gender discrimination	DEAD

Brownfields/ Cleanup/ Land Use

AB 483	Bocanegra	Airports: pollution	DEAD
AB 1663	Garcia, Cristina	Group homes: immigrant children (Previously: Lead-acid batteries)	DEAD
AB 2136	Bonta	Damages: lead-based paint	DEAD
AB 2189	Santiago	Hazardous substances: lead: cleanup: Exide Technologies facility	DEAD
AB 2370	Holden	Lead exposure: child day care facilities: family day care homes	Chapter 676
AB 2447	Reyes	California Environmental Quality Act: land use: environmental justice	Vetoed
AB 2803	Limon	Public nuisance: residential lead-based paint	DEAD
AB 3009	Quirk	Hazardous materials: lead-based paint	DEAD
AB 3030	Caballero	California Environmental Quality Act: exemption: qualified opportunity zones	DEAD
AB 3037	Chiu	Community Redevelopment Law of 2018	DEAD

SB 774	Leyva	Research program: firefighting: wildland and wildland-urban interface (Previously: Hazardous substances: California Toxic Substances Board)	Vetoed
SB 1054	Hertzberg	Pretrial release and detention: pretrial services (Previously: Santa Susana Field laboratory cleanup)	Chapter 980
SB 1370	Stern	Aliso Canyon natural gas storage facility (Previously: Well stimulation treatments)	DEAD

Budget

AB 92	Bonta	Public contracts: payment	Chapter 37
AB 96	Ting	Budget Act of 2018	DEAD
AB 1806	Ting	Budget Act of 2018	DEAD
SB 72	Mitchell	Budget Act of 2017	DEAD
SB 839	Mitchell	Budget Act of 2018	DEAD
SB 840	Mitchell	Budget Act of 2018	Chapter 29

CEQA/Tribal

AB 239	Ridley-Thomas	California Environmental Quality Act: urbanized areas	DEAD
AB 278	Steinorth	California Environmental Quality Act: exemption: existing transportation infrastructure	DEAD
AB 499	Harper	California Environmental Quality Act: infill development	DEAD
AB 891	Mayes	Tribal gaming: compact ramification	Chapter 447
AB 1117	Fong	California Environmental Quality Act	DEAD
AB 1660	Kalra	Court reporter providers (Previously: Environmental quality and conservation)	Vetoed
AB 1804	Berman	California Environmental Quality Act: exemption: residential or mixed-use housing projects	Chapter 670
AB 1901	Obernolte	California Environmental Quality Act: exemption: roadway projects	DEAD
AB 1905	Grayson	Environmental quality: judicial review: transportation projects	DEAD
AB 2057	Salas	California Environmental Quality Act: biogas pipelines: exemption	DEAD
AB 2267	Wood	California Environmental Quality Act: Sonoma County Renewal Enterprise District	DEAD
AB 2341	Mathis	California Environmental Quality Act: aesthetic impacts	Chapter 298
AB 2447	Reyes	California Environmental Quality Act: land use: environmental justice	Vetoed
AB 2782	Friedman	California Environmental Quality Act	Chapter 193
AB 2856	Melendez	California Environmental Quality Act: housing development projects	DEAD
AB 3027	Chavez	California Environmental Quality Act: attorney's fees	DEAD
AB 3030	Caballero	California Environmental Quality Act: exemption: qualified opportunity zones	DEAD
SB 80	Wieckowski	California Environmental Quality Act: notices	Vetoed
SB 224	Jackson	Personal rights: sexual harassment (Previously California Environmental Quality Act: baseline conditions)	Chapter 951
SB 771	De Leon	California Environmental Quality Act: continuing education: public employees	DEAD
SB 1052	Bates	California Environmental Quality Act: judicial challenge: identification of parties and contributors	DEAD
SB 1340	Glazer	California Environmental Quality Act: housing projects	DEAD
SB 1341	Glazer	California Environmental Quality Act: judicial challenge: identification of contributors	DEAD

Consumer Products

AB 514	Salas	Registered sex offenders: day care facilities (Previously: Medical waste: pharmaceuticals)	Vetoed
AB 906	Bloom	Beverage containers: polyethylene terephthalate	Chapter 823
AB 958	Ting	Product safety: perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances	DEAD
AB 1180	Holden	Los Angeles County Flood Control District: taxes, fees, and charges	Chapter 617
AB 1212	Dahle	Hazardous materials: chemicals of concern	DEAD
AB 2149	Chen	Hazardous materials: Green Ribbon Science Panel: meetings	DEAD
AB 2379	Bloom	Waste management: plastic microfiber	DEAD
AB 2787	Quirk	Long duration bulk energy storage: procurement (Previously: Lead fishing tackle)	
AB 2901	ESTM	Cleaning Product Right to Know Ant of 2017	Chapter 28
AB 2998	Bloom	Consumer products: flame retardant materials	Chapter 924
AB 3014	Quirk	Brake friction materials: copper limits: high-performance road- and track-capable vehicle exemption	DEAD
AB 3230	Muratsuchi	Green chemistry: consumer products	DEAD
SB 258	Lara	Cleaning Product Right to Know Act of 2017	Chapter 830
SB 774	Leyva	Research program: firefighting: wildland and wildland-urban interface (Previously: Hazardous substances: California Toxic Substances Board)	Vetoed
SB 1249	Galgiani	Animal testing: cosmetics	Chapter 899

CUPA

AB 55	Thurmond	Hazardous materials management: stationary sources	Chapter 608
AB 1646	Muratsuchi	Hazardous materials: unified program agency: integrated alerting and notification system	Chapter 588
AB 3138	Muratsuchi	Hazardous materials: management: civil liability	Chapter 308

Enforcement

AB 245	Quirk	Hazardous waste: enforcement	Chapter 499
AB 958	Ting	Product safety: perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances	DEAD
AB 1575	Kalra	Professional cosmetics: labeling requirements	DEAD
AB 1583	Chau	Proposition 65: enforcement: certificate of merit: factual basis	Chapter 510
AB 1980	Quirk	Statute of limitations: hazardous materials	Chapter 141
AB 2094	Kalra	Hazardous waste facilities: inspections	DEAD
AB 2651	Kiley	Civil actions	DEAD
SB 345	Bradford	Law enforcement agencies: public records	Vetoed
SB 774	Leyva	Research program: firefighting: wildland and wildland-urban interface (Previously: Hazardous substances: California Toxic Substances Board)	Vetoed
SB 794	Stern	Fireworks: fireworks stewardship program	DEAD

Environmental Justice

AB 18	Garcia, E.	Healing arts: Licensed Physicians and Dentists from Mexico Pilot Program (Previously: California Clean Water, Climate, Coastal Protection, and Outdoor Access For All Act of 2018)	DEAD
AB 891	Mayes	Tribal gaming: compact ratification	Chapter 447
AB 2122	Reyes	Medi-Cal: blood lead screening tests	Vetoed
AB 2447	Reyes	California Environmental Quality Act: land use: environmental justice	Vetoed
AB 2453	Garcia, Cristina	Air pollution: schools	Chapter 714

AB 2501	Chu	Drinking water: state administrators: consolidation and extension of service	Chapter 871
AB 2636	Garcia, Eduardo	Attorney General: Environmental Justice Fund	DEAD
AB 2728	Chen	Replacement of corroded or lead-containing plumbing or service lines: loans	DEAD
AB 2851	Grayson	Lead exposure: abatement	DEAD
AB 2934	Stone, Mark	Residential lead-based paint hazard reduction program: county health departments: certification	DEAD
SB 5	De Leon	California Drought, Water, Parks, Climate, Coastal Protections, and Outdoor Access For All Act of 2018	Chapter 852
SB 774	Leyva	Research program: firefighting: wildland and wildland-urban interface (Previously: Hazardous substances: California Toxic Substances Board)	Vetoed
SB 1041	Leyva	Childhood lead poisoning prevention	Chapter 690
SB 1072	Leyva	Regional Climate Collaborative Program: technical assistance	Chapter 377
SB 1097	Hueso	Lead poisoning	Chapter 691

Environmental Technology

AB 1646	Muratsuchi	Hazardous materials: unified program agency: integrated alerting and notification system	Chapter 588
AB 2087	Waldron	State government operations: technology modernization	DEAD

Fees

AB 249	Mullin	Political Reform Act of 1974: campaign disclosures	Chapter 546
AB 421	Santiago	Hazardous substances: liability: responsible parties	DEAD
AB 1663	Garcia, Cristina	Group homes: immigrant children (Previously: Lead-acid batteries)	DEAD
AB 2130	Brough	Taxation: Hazardous Substances Tax Law	DEAD
SB 1327	Atkins	Building Homes and Job Act	DEAD

Green Chemistry

AB 2072	Quirk	State Water Resources Control Board: constituents of emerging concern	DEAD
AB 2211	Limon	California Green Business Program	DEAD
AB 3230	Muratsuchi	Green chemistry: consumer products	DEAD
SB 774	Leyva	Research program: firefighting: wildland and wildland-urban interface (Previously: Hazardous substances: California Toxic Substances Board)	Vetoed

Greenhouse Gases

SB 100	De Leon	California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program: emissions of greenhouse gases	Chapter 312
SB 146	Wilk	Water resources: permit to appropriate: protected species (Previously: Natural gas storage: moratorium)	DEAD
SB 1027	Pan	State employee survey	DEAD

Hazardous Waste

AB 18	Garcia, E.	Healing arts: Licensed Physicians and Dentist of Mexico Pilot Program (Previously: California Clean Water, Climate, Coastal Protection, and Outdoor Access For All Act of 2018)	DEAD
AB 178	Eggman	California Beverage Container Recycling and Litter Reduction Act	DEAD
AB 245	Quirk	Hazardous waste: enforcement	Chapter 499
AB 246	Santiago	Environmental quality: Jobs and Economic Improvement Through Environmental Leadership Act of 2011 (Previously: Department of Toxic Substances Control: hazardous waste: facilities: emissions monitoring)	Chapter 522
AB 247	Garcia, C.	Public health: childhood lead poisoning: Lead Advisory Task Force	Vetoed
AB 248	Reyes	Hazardous waste: facilities: permits	Vetoed
AB 249	Mullin	Political Reform Act of 1974: campaign disclosures (Previously: Hazardous waste: civil penalties)	Chapter 546
AB 421	Santiago	Hazardous substances: liability: responsible parties	DEAD
AB 444	Ting	Medical waste: home-generated medical waste	DEAD
AB 474	Garcia, E.	Hazardous waste: spent brine solutions	Chapter 840
AB 514	Salas	Register sex offenders: day care facilities (Previously: Medical waste: pharmaceuticals)	Vetoed
AB 852	Caballero	Vehicles: child safety (Previously: Hazardous waste: waste facilities: nonbiodegradable toxic chemicals)	DEAD
AB 906	Bloom	Beverage containers: polyethylene terephthalate	Chapter 823
AB 1179	Kalra	Hazardous waste facilities: inspections	Vetoed
AB 1316	Quirk	Public health: childhood lead poisoning: prevention	Chapter 507
AB 1439	ESTM	Hazardous material: reporting	Chapter 301
AB 1441	ESTM	Hazardous waste: transportation: electronic manifests	DEAD
AB 1583	Chau	Proposition 65: enforcement: certificate of merit: factual basis	Chapter 510
AB 1645	Muratsuchi	Hydrogen fluoride: report	DEAD
AB 1663	Garcia, Cristina	Group homes: immigrant children (Previously: Lead-acid batteries)	DEAD
AB 1907	Choi	Vehicle loads	DEAD
AB 1925	Choi	Vehicles: unsafe, unsecured load	Chapter 124
AB 1933	Maienschein	Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund: recycling infrastructure projects	Chapter 808
AB 2072	Quirk	State Water Resources Control Board: constituents of emerging concern	DEAD
AB 2094	Kalra	Hazardous waste facilities: inspections	DEAD
AB 2277	Mathis	Solid waste facilities: home-generated pharmaceutical waste: incineration	DEAD
AB 2345	Reyes	Renewable energy: shared renewable energy tariffs (Previously: Hazardous waste: facilities: permits)	DEAD
AB 2407	Ting	Recycling: lithium-ion vehicle batteries: advisory group	DEAD
AB 2474	Quirk	Hazardous waste: identification: testing	Vetoed
AB 2606	Fong	Hazardous waste: facilities: permits: renewals	DEAD
AB 2660	Quirk	Hazardous waste: surplus household consumer products	DEAD
AB 2828	Friedman	Waste discharge requirements: produced waster: oil and gas operations	DEAD

AB 2832	Dahle	Recycling: lithium-ion vehicle batteries: advisory group	Chapter 822
AB 2902	ESTM	Hazardous substances	Chapter 721
AB 2928	Chen	Hazardous waste: used oil	Chapter 440
SB 5	De Leon	California Drought, Water, Parks, Climate, Coastal Protections, and Outdoor Access For All Act of 2018	Chapter 852
SB 35	Wiener	Planning and zoning: affordable housing: streamlined approval process	Chapter 366
SB 212	Jackson	Solid waste: pharmaceutical and sharps waste stewardship	Chapter 1004
SB 377	Monning	Lead-based paint	DEAD
SB 752	Stone	Pharmacy: designated representative-reverse distributors	Chapter 598
SB 774	Leyva	Research program: firefighting: wildland and wildland-urban interface (Previously: Hazardous substances: California Toxic Substances Board)	Vetoed
SB 1161	Stone	Inland Empire Rural Crime Prevention Program (Previously: Junk dealers and recyclers: payment for nonferrous material)	DEAD
SB 1445	Stone	Hazardous waste	DEAD

Information Technology

AB 816	Kiley	California Environmental Protection Agency: Natural Resources Agency: Web casts of public meetings and workshops	DEAD
AB 1439	ESTM	Hazardous material: reporting	Chapter 301
AB 1441	ESTM	Hazardous waste: transportation: electronic manifests	DEAD
AB 2163	Grayson	Department of Technology: GIS data: regional notification centers: subsurface installations	Vetoed
AB 2225	Limon	State government: storing and recording: public records	Chapter 535
SB 774	Leyva	Research program: firefighting: wildland and wildland-urban interface (Previously: Hazardous substances: California Toxic Substances Board)	Vetoed
SB 921	Morrell	State agencies: Internet Web sites: disclosure of financial information	DEAD

Permitting

AB 245	Quirk	Hazardous waste: enforcement	Chapter 499
AB 246	Santiago	Environmental quality: Jobs and Economic Improvement Through Environmental Leadership Act of 2011 (Previously: Department of Toxic Substances Control: hazardous waste: facilities: emissions monitoring)	Chapter 522
AB 248	Reyes	Hazardous waste: facilities: permits	Vetoed
AB 249	Mullin	Political Reform Act of 1974: campaign disclosures (Previously: Hazardous waste: civil penalties)	Chapter 546
AB 1179	Kalra	Hazardous waste facilities: inspections	Vetoed
AB 2345	Reyes	Renewable energy: shared renewable energy tariffs (Previously: Hazardous waste: facilities: permits)	DEAD
AB 2606	Fong	Hazardous waste: facilities: permits: renewals	DEAD
SB 774	Leyva	Research program: firefighting: wildland and wildland-urban interface (Previously: Hazardous substances: California Toxic Substances Board)	Vetoed

Plastics

AB 906	Bloom	Beverage containers: polyethylene terephthalate	Chapter 823
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Pollution Prevention

AB 178	Eggman	California Beverage Container Recycling and Litter Reduction	DEAD
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AB 483	Bocanegra	Act	
AB 1316	Quirk	Airports: pollution	DEAD
AB 1583	Chau	Public health: childhood lead poisoning: prevention	Chapter 507
SB 774	Leyva	Proposition 65: enforcement: certificate of merit: factual basis	Chapter 510
		Research program: firefighting: wildland and wildland-urban interface (Previously: Hazardous substances: California Toxic Substances Board)	Vetoed

Public Records Act

SB 345	Bradford	Law enforcement agencies: public records	Vetoed
SB 657	Bates	California Public Records Act: reverse public records actions	DEAD
SB 1244	Wieckowski	Public records: disclosure	Chapter 463

Regulations

AB 2474	Quirk	Hazardous waste: identification: testing	Vetoed
AB 2671	Fond	Regulations: legislative review: regulatory reform	DEAD
SCR 91	Roth	California Law Revision Commission: studies	Chapter 158

Reports

AB 1645	Muratsuchi	Hydrogen fluoride: report	DEAD
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Water Quality

AB 18	Garcia, E.	Healing arts: Licensed Physicians and Dentists From Mexico Pilot Program (Previously: California Clean Water, Climate, Coastal Protection, and Outdoor Access For All Act of 2018)	DEAD
AB 474	Garcia, E.	Hazardous waste: spent brine solutions	Chapter 840
AB 1583	Chau	Proposition 65: enforcement: certificate of merit: factual basis	Chapter 510
AB 2072	Friedman	State Water Resources Control Board: constituents of emerging concern	DEAD
AB 2828	Friedman	Waste discharge requirements: produced waster: oil and gas operations	DEAD
SB 5	De Leon	California Drought, Water, Parks, Climate, Coastal Protections, and Outdoor Access For All Act of 2018	Chapter 852
SB 774	Leyva	Research program: firefighting: wildland and wildland-urban interface (Previously: Hazardous substances: California Toxic Substances Board)	Vetoed

VETO MESSAGES

To the Members of the California State Assembly

I am returning Assembly Bill 247 without my signature. This bill creates a twenty-one member Lead Advisory Task Force to review and advise on state policies and procedures to reduce childhood lead poisoning and to suggest a regulatory agenda that would identify sources of lead and ensure standards are protective of public health. The responsibilities of this task force would be duplicative of ongoing work by the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment, the Department of Public Health, the State Water Resources Control Board, and the Department of Toxic Substances Control. Coordination and evaluation of procedures to reduce childhood lead poisoning is being accomplished administratively amongst these agencies so there is no reason to divert resources to a task force.

Sincerely,

Edmund G. Brown Jr.

To the Members of the California State Assembly:

I am returning Assembly Bill 248 without my signature. This bill would require the owner or operator of a hazardous waste facility to submit an application for a permit renewal either six months or two years prior to expiration, depending on the expiration date of the permit. There is no question that comprehensive reform of the Department's operation is needed and the Administration is committed to working with the Legislature on that task. When it comes to protecting the public health of our communities, government cannot afford to make promises it cannot keep. Adding new responsibilities to the Department must be undertaken holistically while considering the resources and funding available. Doing anything less robs the community of a real solution and sets government up for failure. Addressing the structural problems at the Department, both fiscal and administrative, will not be an easy task, but one that is achievable if the Administration and the Legislature work together. I look forward to the partnership.

Sincerely,

Edmund G. Brown Jr.

To the Members of the California State Assembly:

I am returning Assembly Bill 514 without my signature. This bill requires the State Department of Social Services to notify child day care facilities when a person with specified convictions requiring sex offender registration moves to a new residence within 1,000 feet of the facility. The Department of Social Services currently informs new licensed child care providers about the sex offender registry website and encourages them to access it. This bill would create a new overlapping process that provides information that is already quickly and easily accessible on the internet.

Sincerely,

Edmund G. Brown Jr.

To the Members of the California State Assembly:

I am returning Assembly Bill 1179 without my signature. This bill would require the Department of Toxic Substances Control to adopt regulations establishing the frequency of inspections for permitted hazardous waste facilities. There is no question that comprehensive reform of the Department's operations is needed and the Administration is committed to working with the Legislature on that task. When it comes to protecting the public health of our communities, government cannot afford to make promises it cannot keep. Adding new responsibilities to the Department must be undertaken holistically while considering the resources and funding available. Doing anything less robs the community of a real solution and sets government up for failure. Addressing the structural problems at the Department, both fiscal and administrative, will not be an easy task, but one that is achievable if the Administration and the Legislature work together. I look forward to the partnership.

Sincerely,

Edmund G. Brown Jr.

To the Members of the California State Assembly:

I am returning Assembly Bill 1660 without my signature. This bill creates a new registration program for a Court Reporter Provider. This bill affects matters that are currently under review by an appellate court. I would prefer to await the outcome of that case before deciding on the issues raised by this bill.

Sincerely,

Edmund G. Brown Jr.

To the Members of the California State Assembly:

I am returning Assembly Bill 2122 without my signature. This bill would set statewide goals for blood lead level screening tests for children in Medi-Cal and require the Department of Health Care Services to ensure these goals are met. Lead exposure in children is a serious health concern and I share the author's desire to increase the number of Medi-Cal children who are screened. The department, however, already requires in its contracts with managed care plans and providers that children receive screenings in accordance with federal and state regulations. Updated and more thorough data on periodic screening tests is being developed with the Department of Public Health to assist in tracking compliance. I believe the department should continue its current efforts working with managed care plans, health care providers and public health officials to determine what additional policies and practices may be necessary to improve screening rates.

Sincerely,

Edmund G. Brown Jr.

To the Members of the California State Assembly:

I am returning Assembly Bill 2163 without my signature. This bill requires the Department of Technology to provide Geographic Information Systems data to Regional Notification Centers for the purposes of California's "Call Before You Dig" program. The Department does not own this data and must pay a subscription for its access. Unfortunately, this bill does not allow for the Department to recoup its costs from the Centers. I recommend the author work with the Department and make the necessary changes in future legislation.

Sincerely,

Edmund G. Brown Jr.

To the Members of the California State Assembly:

I am returning Assembly Bill 2474 without my signature. This bill authorizes the Department of Toxic Substance Control to evaluate alternative methods from its standard bioassay procedure when determining if a product is hazardous waste. The Department currently has the authority to establish alternative methods of testing a product's toxicity to aquatic life. Despite this, it has not exercised this option because such tests are too expensive. The Department has a structural deficit and I am not inclined to sign legislation that creates additional cost pressures.

Sincerely,

Edmund G. Brown Jr.

To the Members of the California State Senate:

I am returning Senate Bill 51 without my signature. This bill requires the Secretary of the California Environmental Protection Agency to preserve and post online scientific information and data that might be censored or destroyed by the federal government. This bill also prohibits state licensing entities, except the State Bar, from taking disciplinary actions against public employees who report improper federal government activities or make scientific research public. Action by the federal Administration to obfuscate and devalue scientific evidence by questioning, demoting, or firing federal scientists is dangerous and myopic. It would be difficult, however, to envision a scenario or even a legal basis where the whim of the federal Administration would lead to a disciplinary action in California. When it comes to preserving scientific research, we cannot be too careful. I am directing the Secretary of the California Environmental Protection Agency to collaborate with universities and non-profits to compile and preserve all important and relevant scientific federal research and data.

Sincerely,

Edmund G. Brown Jr.

To the Members of the California State Senate:

I am returning Senate Bill 80 without my signature. This bill requires a lead agency to file a Notice of Determination when a project considered under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) receives a categorical exemption. The bill also requires a lead agency to post certain notices on its website, and send the notices by email upon request. While I agree with the author's desire to provide greater transparency, the current CEQA process already is very detailed, and requires an incredible amount of notice. For that reason, I am reluctant to add the additional requirements mandated by this bill.

Sincerely,

Edmund G. Brown Jr.

To the Members of the California State Senate:

I am returning Senate Bill 345 without my signature. This bill requires law enforcement agencies, including certain state agencies, to post on their websites all current standards, policies, practices, operating procedures, education and training materials that would otherwise be available if a request was made under the California Public Records Act. This bill is too broad in scope and vaguely drafted. I appreciate the author's desire for additional transparency of police practices and local law enforcement procedures, but I believe this goal can be accomplished with a more targeted and precise approach.

Sincerely,

Edmund G. Brown Jr.

SIGNING MESSAGES

To the Members of the California State Assembly:

I am signing Assembly Bill 262 that would require the Department of General Services, by January 1, 2019, to establish the maximum acceptable carbon emission level for the building materials set forth in this bill. Successful bidders for state contracts would be required to submit an Environmental Product Declaration for those materials by July 1, 2019. The goal of this bill is laudable and consistent with our efforts to address climate change, but there is more work yet to be done. Accordingly, I am directing the department of General Services to work with the Air Resources Board, the Department of Transportation, the Department of Water Resources and interested parties in the private sector to review current national and international standards and make appropriate recommendations.

Sincerely,

Edmund G. Brown Jr.

To the Members of the California State Assembly:

I am signing Assembly Bill 474. This bill would exempt spent brine solutions, which are the byproduct of treating groundwater, from the state's hazardous waste laws if specified treatment conditions are met. A condition of the bill requires the Department of Fish and Wildlife to approve mitigation measures to prevent birds from coming into contact with the impoundments containing brine solutions, specifically selenium. The Department, however, remains concerned that existing methods may be ineffective in mitigating the impact to wildlife, and thus the possibility of approval of these projects remains unclear at this time and may be very difficult. I ask the proponents of these treatment projects and the Department to keep searching for effective mitigation measures.

Sincerely,

Edmund G. Brown Jr.

To the Members of the California State Senate:

Senate Bill 100 continues California's leadership in advancing clean energy and climate protection by increasing the current Renewables Portfolio Standard target from 50 to 60 percent by 2030, and setting a goal to meet 100 percent of the state's retail electricity supply with zero-carbon resources by December 31, 2045. SB 100 sends a clear signal to markets to expand clean energy generation. The next step is to integrate these goals into our existing clean energy efforts, including the Integrated Resource Planning process, which will ensure that Californians continue to have safe, reliable, and affordable electricity. To get to 100 percent clean energy in a manner that ensures reliability and reduces cost, we must use a variety of strategies. Energy storage, increased efficiency and adjusting energy use to the time of day when we have the most power will all help with the transition. Additionally, we must join our neighbors in a power system that integrates utilities across the West. A regionalized electric grid would enhance California's low-carbon grid by allowing us to share renewable resources with our neighboring states, while reducing costs and increasing resiliency of our grid. By doing so, we could improve reliability, reduce climate pollution and enable better integration of wind, solar, and other clean energy technologies throughout the region. Let's not forget, our electricity sector is responsible for only 16 percent of California's current carbon emissions. To truly stop global warming, cleaning up our electricity grid is not enough. We must transition to carbon neutrality and that will not be easy. It will require large investments across all sectors -- energy, transportation, industrial, commercial and residential buildings, agriculture, and various forms of sequestration, including natural and working lands. California is committed to doing whatever is necessary to meet the existential threat of climate change. This bill, and others I will sign this week, help us go in that direction. But have no illusions, California and the rest of the world have miles to go before we achieve zero-carbon emissions.

Sincerely,

Edmund G. Brown Jr.

To the Members of the California State Senate:

I am signing Senate Bill 212 which establishes a program for the collection and disposal of home-generated pharmaceutical drugs and sharps waste. While this bill is an important step forward towards managing household generated medical waste, last minute amendments created ambiguity that might impact the effectiveness of this program. Therefore, I urge the Legislature to provide continuous oversight to ensure that the Department of Resources, Recycling and Recovery has the appropriate enforcement tools to ensure compliance and that the program offers the level of collection the author envisioned.

Sincerely,

Edmund G. Brown Jr.