Effective 09/05/2006

Supplemental California Manifest Instructions

Federal and State hazardous waste manifest regulations changed on **September 5, 2006**.

Detailed manifest instructions are printed on the back of the new federal manifest. These Supplemental California Instructions cover additional California requirements. Please use the instructions printed on the new manifest for item by item directions. Materials are available at www.dtsc.ca.gov (under Managing Hazardous Waste, Manifests), including fact sheets and California's manifest regulations, sample manifests, and federal instructions. For load rejections and consolidated manifesting, refer to the regulations and fact sheets.

IMPORTANT MANIFEST CHANGES - PLEASE READ AND SAVE AS A REFERENCE

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) revised the Uniform Hazardous Waste Manifest and requires the use of only the new version nationally after September 4, 2006. **States will no longer be allowed to modify the form or the instructions.** Old versions of the California manifest, or manifests from other states, **may not be used after September 4, 2006**. The new manifest form is no longer color coded, and the new six-part form does not include a copy for generators to submit to their state, although California requires generator to submit a copy.

Additional Information and Instruction Changes:

- Adds space for emergency response number;
- · Adds Generator's site address;
- Allows up to six waste codes for each waste stream;
- Adds a check box to indicate if waste stream is U.S. DOT regulated;
- Adds space for import/export information;
- Adds room for destination facilities to note discrepancies or if container residues exceed empty levels;
- Adds a new field for a manifest reference number when waste is rejected or if container residues are shipped on a new manifest:
- Adds a separate field for alternative facility information and signatures;
- Uses HW Report Management Codes to replace handling codes;
- Prohibits the use of fractions or decimal points in waste quantities in Item 10; and
- Discourages use of large quantity units in Item 11 (e.g. tons or cubic yards) when other units, i.e. pounds, are more accurate

Where Do I Mail Manifests? Same P.O. Boxes - No Change

GENERATORS SEND TO:

DTSC Generator Manifests P.O. Box 400 Sacramento, CA 95812-0400

TSDFS/DESTINATION FACILITIES SEND TO:

DTSC Facility Manifests P.O. Box 3000 Sacramento, CA 95812-3000

Where Do I Get Manifests?

California will not sell the new manifest forms. Forms are available only from private printers approved by EPA. EPA posts approved printers at www.epa.gov/epaoswer/hazwaste/gener/manifest/registry/index.htm.

Generators Must Submit Manifest Copies!

California requires generators and permitted transfer, treatment, storage, and disposal Facilities (Facilities) to submit manifests. The federal manifest form does not include a Generator-to-State submittal page, like the old manifest does (the blue page). Within 30 days of shipping the waste, generators must submit a copy of each manifest to DTSC. This copy could either be a legible photocopy or the "Generator Retains" copy, if generators receive a signed facility copy back within 30 days. Generators may submit a copy of the "Generator Retains" copy (page 6), the top page (the most legible one - page 1), or any other page, as long as it is readable and legible.

What About Submitting Manifests for Rejected Loads?

Generators should send copies of manifests they sign when **receiving** rejected waste or container residues to DTSC's Facility Manifests at P.O. Box 3000. Facilities **signing** new manifests for rejected loads should submit the generator copy to DTSC's Generator Manifests at P.O. Box 400. More information on rejected load requirements are in the Rejected Load fact sheet on DTSC's web site.

How Are California Manifest Requirements Different from Federal?

- California requires conditionally exempt small quantity generators to use manifests and regulates more waste as hazardous,
- DTSC uses the submitted generator and facility manifest copies for cradle-to-grave tracking of waste.
- California's definition of an "empty" container is more stringent. Non-empty containers must be manifested, including bulk containers, whether the waste is RCRA or non-RCRA.
- Facilities in other states are required to submit copies to DTSC when waste generated in California is received out of state. Out of State generators sending waste to California facilities, or that will be exported through California, are encouraged to submit manifest copies.

Where Do I Find California Waste Codes?

The new manifest has six blank boxes for waste codes for each waste stream.

If the waste is RCRA regulated, at least one box must include a RCRA waste code. For waste generated in or shipped to California, a CA state waste code is also required. The additional boxes are for other states' codes when the waste is sent out of state to a state with codes, or for extra RCRA codes. California Waste Codes are printed on the reverse side of these instructions only, not on the instructions printed on the manifest. They are also found in Title 22, California Code of Regulations, Appendix XII to Chapter 12 of Division 4.5.

What are Hazardous Waste Report Management Method Codes (HWRMM Codes)?

Previously, California's manifest instructions required Destination Facilities to use one of 10 handling codes to report how the waste was handled at that facility. The new manifest uses 28 Management Method Codes. These are the same codes used in Biennial Reports. One of the HWRMM codes shown on the other side must be added on the manifest by the **Destination Facilities only**. **Generators and transporters do not add these codes**.

Contact Information:

First, visit the DTSC web page at www.dtsc.ca.gov/IDManifest for training information and review the basic instructions printed on the manifest. This document includes Supplemental Instructions only for use in California. For more information, contact your transporter or facility, or call DTSC's Public and Business Liaisons at 800-72-TOXIC.

CALIFORNIA WASTE CODES			
Cali	fornia Restricted Wastes – Use <u>First</u> , if applicable	Slud	ges
711	Liquids with cyanides > 1000 mg/l		slum and gypsum sludge
	Liquids with arsenic > 500 mg/l	421 L	ime sludge
	Liquids with cadmium > 100 mg/l		Phosphate sludge
	Liquids with chromium (VI) > 500 mg/l		Sulfur sludge
	Liquids with lead > 500 mg/l		Degreasing sludge
	Liquids with mercury > 20 mg/l		Paint sludge Paper sludge/pulp
	Liquids with nickel > 134 mg/l		etraethyl lead sludge
	Liquids with selenium > 100 mg/l		Inspecified sludge waste
	Liquids with thallium > 130 mg/l		ellaneous
	Liquids with polychlorinated biphenyls > 50 mg/l		Empty pesticide containers 30 gallons or more
	Liquids with halogenated organic compounds > 1000 mg/l Solids or sludges with halogenated organic compounds > 1000		Other empty containers 30 gallons or more
	mg/kg		Empty containers less than 30 gallons
	Liquids with pH < 2		Orilling mud
	Liquids with pH < 2 with metals		Chemical toilet waste
	Waste potentially containing dioxins		Photochemicals / photoprocessing waste
Inor	ganics		aboratory waste chemicals
	Alkaline solution (pH < 12.5) with metals (antimony, arsenic,		Detergent and soap Fly ash, bottom ash, and retort ash
	barium, beryllium, cadmium, chromium, cobalt, copper, lead,		Sas scrubber waste
	mercury, molybdenum, nickel, selenium, silver, thallium,		Baghouse waste
	vanadium, and zinc)		Contaminated soil from site clean-ups
	Alkaline solution without metals (pH > 12.5)		lousehold waste
	Unspecified alkaline solution		uto shredder waste
131	Aqueous solution (2 < pH < 12.5) containing reactive anions	614	reated wood waste
	(azide, bromate, chlorate, cyanide, fluoride, hypochlorite, nitrite,		HW REPORT MANAGEMENT METHOD CODES
132	perchlorate, and sulfide anions) Aqueous solution w/metals (restricted levels and see waste code	H010	Metals recovery including retorting, smelting, chemicals, etc.
132	121 for a list of metals)	H020	
133	Aqueous solution with 10% or more total organicresidues		Other recovery of reclamation for reuse including acid
134	Aqueous solution with <10% total organicresidues	H039	regeneration, organics recovery, etc.
	Unspecified aqueous solution	H050	Energy recovery at this site use as fuel (includes on-site fuel
141	Off-specification, aged, or surplusinorganics	H061	blending before energy recovery) Fuel blending prior to energy recovery at another site (waste
	Asbestos-containing waste	11001	generated on-site or received from off-site)
	Fluid-cracking catalyst (FCC) waste	H040	Incinerationthermal destruction other than use as a fuel
	Other spent catalyst		(includes any preparation prior to burning)
	Metal sludge (see 121)	H070	
101	Metal dust (see 121) and machining waste Other inorganic solid waste		precipitation) do not include immediate treatment in an
	anics		exempted waste water treatment unit with discharge to a NDPES-POTW (unless required by State)
_		H081	Biological treatment; do not include immediate treatment in an
	Halogenated solvents (chloroform, methyl chloride, perchloroethylene, etc.)		exempted waste water treatment unit with discharge to a
	Oxygenated solvents (acetone, butanol, ethyl acetate, etc.)		NDPES-POTW (unless required by State)
	Hydrocarbon solvents (benzene, hexane, Stoddard, etc.)	H100	
	Unspecified solvent mixture		stripping/dewatering); do not include immediate treatment in an exempted waste water treatment unit with discharge to a
221	Waste oil and mixed oil		NDPES-POTW (unless required by State)
	Oil/water separation sludge	11440	Stabilization prior to land disposal at another site
	Unspecified oil-containing waste	H110	(encapsulation/stabilization/fixation)
	Pesticide rinse water	H120	Combination of chemical, biological, and/or physical treatment;
	Pesticides and other waste associated with pesticide production		do not include immediate treatment in an exempted waste
241	Tank bottom waste		water treatment unit with discharge to a NDPES-POTW
	Still bottoms with halogenated organics Other still bottom waste	LIADA	(unless required by State)
	Polychlorinated biphenyls and material containing PCB's	H121 H122	Neutralization only Evaporation (as major component of treatment)
	Organic monomer waste (includes unreacted resins)	H129	Other treatment that does not include onsite disposal
	Polymeric resin waste	H130	Surface impoundment that will be closed as a landfill (with prior
	Adhesives		treatment and/or stabilization)
	Latex waste	U424	Land treatment or application (to include on-site treatment
	Pharmaceutical waste	H131	and/or stabilization)
	Sewage sludge	H131	Landfill (with prior treatment and/or stabilization)
	Biological waste other than sewage sludge	H134	Deepwell or underground injection (with or without treatment)
	Off-specification, aged, or surplusorganics	H135	Discharge to sewer/POTW or NPDES with prior management
	Organic liquids (nonsolvents) with halogens		(e.g., storage or transported prior to discharge to POTW or NPDES).
342	Organic liquids with metals (see 121)	H141	The site receiving this waste stored/bulked and transferred the waste with no reclamation, recover,
343	Unspecified organic liquid mixture	11141	destruction, or disposal at that site.
	Organic solids with halogens		and the state of t
352	Other organic solids		