

DTSC's Proposal to List Motor Vehicle Tires Containing 6PPD as a Priority Product

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The Safer Consumer Products Framework





The Product-Chemical Prioritization Process







6PPD AND 6PPD-QUINONE

Mass die-offs of coho salmon in Washington

- Washington state has observed mass pre-spawn die-offs of coho salmon for years (Scholz et al. 2011)
 - Discovered during surveys of habitat restoration efforts
 - Urban Runoff Mortality Syndrome (URMS)
- Die-offs correlated with:
 - Rain events
 - Proximity to roads/impervious surfaces

https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0028013



Unique impacts to coho salmon

- In the lab, coho died in hours after exposure to road stormwater but not chum.
- Observed impacts:
 - Surface swimming and gaping
 - Sideways or circular swimming
 - Loss of equilibrium
 - Splaying of fins
 - Death
- Not able to reproduce with typical stormwater toxicants





URMS Causal Agent: 6PPD-quinone

RESEARCH

ECOTOXICOLOGY

A ubiquitous tire rubber-derived chemical induces acute mortality in coho salmon

Zhenyu Tian^{1,2}, Haoqi Zhao³, Katherine T. Peter^{1,2}, Melissa Gonzalez^{1,2}, Jill Wetzel⁴, Christopher Wu^{1,2}, Ximin Hu³, Jasmine Prat⁴, Emma Mudrock⁴, Rachel Hettinger^{1,2}, Allan E. Cortina^{1,2}, Rajshree Ghosh Biswas⁵, Flávio Vinicius Crizóstomo Kock⁵, Ronald Soong⁵, Amy Jenne⁵, Bowen Du⁶, Fan Hou³, Huan He³, Rachel Lundeen^{1,2}, Alicia Gilbreath⁷, Rebecca Sutton⁷, Nathaniel L. Scholz⁸, Jay W. Davis⁹, Michael C. Dodd³, Andre Simpson⁵, Jenifer K. McIntyre⁴, Edward P. Kolodziej^{1,2,3,*}

In U.S. Pacific Northwest coho salmon (*Oncorhynchus kisutch*), stormwater exposure annually causes unexplained acute mortality when adult salmon migrate to urban creeks to reproduce. By investigating this phenomenon, we identified a highly toxic quinone transformation product of *N*-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)-*N*'-phenyl-p-phenylenediamine (6PPD), a globally ubiquitous tire rubber antioxidant. Retrospective analysis of representative roadway runoff and stormwater-affected creeks of the U.S. West Coast indicated widespread occurrence of 6PPD-quinone (<0.3 to 19 micrograms per liter) at toxic concentrations (median lethal concentration of 0.8 ± 0.16 micrograms per liter). These results reveal unanticipated risks of 6PPD antioxidants to an aquatic species and imply toxicological relevance for dissipated tire rubber residues.

Tian et al. (2021) *Science* 371, no. 6525 <u>https://doi.org/</u> <u>10.1126/</u> <u>science.abd6951</u>



6PPD

- Antidegradant
- Prevents cracking of rubber
- Used since the 1950's or 1960's
- Concentration is 1-2% by weight
- Migrates to the tire surface by design, creates protective film



Lewis et al. 1986

Lewis, P.M. *Polymer Degradation and Stability* 15, no. 1 (January 1986): https://doi.org/10.1016/0141-910(86)90004-2



6PPD-quinone

- Previously unknown reaction product of 6PPD and ozone
- Same toxicity to coho as observed from stormwater
- Appears to be more environmentally stable than 6PPD





SCP Prioritization Criteria

- Potential for exposure to 6PPD from motor vehicle tires
- Potential for significant or widespread adverse impacts from exposure



Potential for Exposure to 6PPD, 6PPD-quinone

- Used in presumably all tires
 - estimated over 171 million driven on California roads in 2020
- High rates of release of TWP to the aquatic environment
- End-of-life applications may further contribute
- Detections of 6PPD-quinone in California runoff and waterways



Potential for Significant Adverse Impacts

- 6PPD toxic at multiple trophic levels, can impair wildlife survival, toxic to algae
- 6PPD-quinone acutely toxic to coho at a variety of life stages
- Environmental detections of 6PPDquinone in California above the LC₅₀





Coho have been declining in California



DTSC (2021) Product-Chemical Profile for 6PPD – Discussion Draft 2021



Adverse Impacts to Endangered Species

- Two California populations of coho are either threatened or endangered
- Coho already face a number of additional challenges







6PPD-Quinone May Be Toxic to Other Aquatic Organisms

DTSC (2021) Product-Chemical Profile for 6PPD – Discussion Draft 2021

Adverse Impacts to Human Populations

- Loss of coho has significantly impacted California's Native American tribes
- Loss of core traditional food sources can be tied to loss of culture, increased physical and mental health issues, poverty
- California's Native American tribes and the state have invested millions of dollars in an effort to retain and replenish coho populations



6PPD Alternatives

- Availability of alternatives unknown at this time
- Will be working to encourage development of alternatives
 - Potential workshop focused on 6PPD alternatives next spring
 - Partner Recognition List under development



Data Requests to Stakeholders

- Where and under what conditions 6PPD-quinone forms
- Environmental fate of 6PPD and 6PPD-quinone, including other 6PPD breakdown products
- Toxicity of 6PPD and 6PPD-quinone, including breakdown products
- Presence of 6PPD-quinone in the environment
- Relative contribution of end-of-life applications
- 6PPD alternatives and data on their safety



Draft Product-Chemical Profile Released

Submit comments via CalSAFER:

calsafer.dtsc.ca.gov





SCP Process Timing

- SCP process is a multi-year process, by design
 - Want to ensure there are alternatives to evaluate
 - AA process requires life cycle evaluation
 - Want to avoid regrettable substitutes
- Looking for ways to expedite the administrative aspects of the process



Possible Timing

- Initiate rulemaking in early 2022
- Regulations go into effect second half of 2022/early 2023
- Preliminary Alternatives Analyses due first half of 2023



Questions surrounding 6PPD and 6PPD-quinone





For comments:

calsafer.dtsc.ca.gov

For questions:

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Questions & Answers



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- Please ask only one (1) question at a time.
- We will not be using the chat function.
- From the phone, press *9 to raise your hand.
- Email: <u>SaferConsumerProducts@dtsc.ca.gov</u>

